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D.8 Public Hearing Transcripts

D.8.1 Transcript from the Holloman Air Force Base Public Hearing Held February 7, 2012, in Weed, New Mexico

Page 1 PUBLIC HEARING U.S. AIR FORCE F-35A TRAINING BASING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT HOLLOMAN AIR FORCE BASE February 7, 2012 6:00 p.m. Weed Community Center 16 Weed Road Weed, New Mexico REPORTED BY: Rose C. Harms, RPR, NM CCR #54 Peterson Reporting, Video & Litigation Services

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                      APPEARANCES
     Hearing Officer:
3
          COLONEL RON GREGORY
     For the Air Force:
5
           COLONEL KEVIN HUYCK
 6
          Vice Commander, 49th Wing
          Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico
          MAJOR BRIAN MacFARLAND
8
          Air Education and Training Command
9
          MR. DAVID MARTIN
10
          MS. KIM FORNOF
11
     Also Present:
12
          MR. ZACH RILEY
          Field Representative, Congressman Pearce
13
          MS. ELIZABETH DRIGGERS
14
          Field Representative, Senator Udall
15
          MS. DARA PARKER
          Field Representative, Senator Bingaman
16
          MR. RONNY RARDIN
17
          Otero County Commission
18
                       Community Speakers:
19
          Ross Cunningham
                                   Rob Shepler
20
                                   Jeff Duncan
          Ellen Kazor
                                   John Conner
          Tom Smith
21
          Walt Coffman
                                   Tom Ward
                                   Jennifer Fountain
          Don Tracy
          Stephen Cook
                                   Less Rinderknecht
          Sandra Hunt
23
24
25
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	COLONEL GREGORY: This public hearing into
3	the proposed establishment of the Pilot Training Center
4	with the F-35A training aircraft is convened for the
5	purpose of taking Mr. Cunningham's statement.
6	He arrived early this evening and is unable to
7	stay, but he wants to get his comment on the record, and
8	so that's why we're doing this a little bit out of order
9	here. We want to give him a chance to make his comment
10	on the record.
11	So the hearing is convened for that purpose, and
12	I've explained to Mr. Cunningham that I've got to treat
13	him like all other speakers, and we'll do it in three
14	minutes, and the floor is yours, sir.
15	MR. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you. I want to say
16	we appreciate the service you do and the work that all
17	of our servicemen are doing. We encourage the testing
18	of this airplane. We don't feel that that's the
19	problem.
20	What we have a problem with is, we're rural. We
21	have livestock, horses. They get spooked quite easily
22	whenever there are unannounced flyovers. I am concerned
23	specifically for Camp of the Tall Pines. They do quite
24	a bit of work with cancer kids. They bring them up, and

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they mount them on horses.

25

Appendix D -F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 5 These children are already sick, so they don't BI-1 want the horses spooked while the kids are on them, basically. That's the whole concern, because, **Comment Response Document – Public Hearing Transcripts** obviously, these are unexperienced riders. Therefore, if there is going to be a flyover, we would hope that we would get somewhat of an advanced warning, even just a notice, so that all of us could check in. For example, DO-5 perhaps between 8:00 and 10:00 in the morning, or whatever times, there might be a sonic boom. That way we could be better prepared to help hold or restrain 11 horses, you know, keep children away from dangerous 12 areas. 13 I know it's probably impossible to get kind of a 14 heads up, but we're hoping for something like that. That's all I have to say. Thank you. 16 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. Let me close this out by giving you some information that I will give 18 everyone else. As you saw, your comments are recorded 19 verbatim. They'll be included in the final published 20 version of the Environmental Impact Statement. Your 21 name will be included, along with your comments. Your 22 personal home address and phone number will not be 23 published, obviously. 24 And one more point: If you think of something else that you would like to add to your comments, you

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Page 6 can submit your comments in writing either tonight or by fax, e-mail, anytime by March 14th, 2012. That's the deadline. You can speak with the lady out there at the registration desk. She may have already given you a comment form and an information sheet that tells you where to send your comments. And, again, the deadline for that is March 14th of this year if you have something else you would like to add. 9 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you. 10 COLONEL GREGORY: We'll adjourn this part of 11 it. 12 (Recess taken from 5:13 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., 13 and the formal hearing began as follows:) 14 COLONEL GREGORY: The time is now 6:00 p.m. We'll go ahead and start the formal part of tonight's 16 hearing. Thanks for coming out tonight to this public hearing for the F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement. That's a mouthful. "EIS" is commonly 18 19 said. You've probably seen that abbreviation. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I can't hear you. 21 COLONEL GREGORY: Having trouble hearing? 22 Let's see. Sorry about that. We'll take it from the 23 top. 24 Thanks for coming out tonight to this public

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hearing for the F-35A training Environmental Impact

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1 Statement, and that's commonly called EIS, and you've

- 2 probably seen that acronym floating around in the
- B brochures.
- I'm Colonel Ron Gregory. I'll be your hearing
- 5 officer tonight. I'm a judge on the Air Force Court of
- Criminal Appeals back in D.C., and I sometimes assist
- 7 with hearings like this.
- 8 I don't work for anybody at Holloman Air Force
- 9 Base or Air Education and Training Command. I'm not
- involved in any way with the development of this draft
- 11 EIS, and I don't act as a legal advisor to any of these
- 12 people that are involved in it.
- My role in the hearing tonight is simply to
- 14 ensure, as an impartial moderator, that we have a fair,
- 15 orderly hearing and that you have an opportunity to
- 16 voice your comments on the proposals.
- 17 With me over at the table where I'll be sitting
- 18 is Ms. Rose Harms. She'll be transcribing tonight's
- 19 hearing, and so your comments that you'll be making
- 20 later will be recorded verbatim.
- 21 We're here tonight because the Air Force is
- 22 analyzing the environmental impacts of the proposed
- 23 establishment of a Pilot Training Center with the F-35A
- 24 training aircraft. The hearing is held in accordance
- with regulations of the National Environmental Policy

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1 Act and regulations published by the Council on

- 2 Environmental Quality.
- 3 The purpose of the hearing is to receive your
- 4 comments on the draft EIS. Tonight's hearing is just
- 5 one of several opportunities for public comments.
- 6 Please keep in mind that the hearing is not a debate,
- 7 it's not a vote on the draft EIS, and it's not a
- 8 question-and-answer session. The hearing is an
- opportunity for you to express your views and concerns
- 10 about the adequacy of the environmental analysis and the
- 11 potential environmental impact associated with the
- 12 proposal, as well as any issues that might be related to
- 13 the National Historic Preservation Act process.
- 14 Comments about other unrelated issues won't
- 15 assist the decision-making process. During the first
- 16 part of the hearing, Air Force representatives will
- 17 provide you with information about the project and the
- 18 environmental impact analysis process.
- 19 We have with us tonight Colonel Kevin Huyck of
- 20 Holloman Air Force Base; and from Air Education and
- 21 Training Command, Major Brian MacFarland; Mr. David
- 22 Martin, an Air Force contractor; and Ms. Kim Fornof.
- 23 If it looks like we're reading things to you
- 24 tonight, it's because we are. A lot of this is written
- 25 out so that we make sure that we cover all the

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1 information for you.

2 Let me, before I proceed, get some names over

B here. I just want to mention that we have with us

tonight Mr. Zach Riley, a field representative with

5 Congressman Pearce; we have Mr. Ronny Rardin, Otero

County Commissioner; from Senator Udall's office,

7 Ms. Elizabeth Driggers; and from Senator Bingaman's

office, Ms. Dara Parker.

9 After the presentations by these folks to my

left, I'll open the floor for your comments. If you'd

11 like to make a statement on the record here tonight,

12 your comments will provide the decision makers the

13 benefit of your knowledge of the local area and your

concerns about the environmental analysis.

15 At this point, I'll turn the presentation over to

6 Colonel Huyck from Holloman Air Force Base. Colonel.

17 COLONEL HUYCK: Good evening, everyone, and

thank you for coming tonight. I'm Colonel Kevin Huyck,

19 the Vice Commander of Holloman Air Force Base. I'd like

20 to welcome you to this public hearing for the F-35A

Basing Environmental Impact Statement, or as was

22 mentioned, the EIS.

23 Hopefully, you had the opportunity to talk to

4 many of the knowledgeable experts staffing the position

25 stations in the back to learn more about the Air Force's

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1 proposal, which is to establish a Pilot Training Center

2 with the F-35A training aircraft at one or more Air

3 Force or Air National Guard installations.

4 Four alternative locations are evaluated in this

5 EIS, one of them being Holloman Air Force Base. Next

6 slide.

7 To review the agenda for tonight, I'll give a

8 brief overview of Holloman Air Force Base, and then

9 Major MacFarland will discuss the F-35A training program

0 and the aircraft. Next, Mr. David Martin will provide

11 review of the environmental impact analysis process and

12 the results specific to Holloman Air Force Base as an

13 alternative. The last item on the agenda is the most

14 important. It's your public-comment session, your

15 opportunity to provide information and make statements

16 for the record, and I encourage you to do so.

17 This is one of three public hearings the Air

8 Force is holding in our region. The Air Force is

19 holding a total of 13 public hearings to ensure that the

20 public has ample opportunity to learn about and to

21 comment on the F-35A Training Basing EIS.

22 Before we tell you about this comprehensive EIS

23 process and the analysis, I'd like to first provide an

24 overview of Holloman Air Force Base, our mission and

25 operations.

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Holloman Air Force Base is home to the 49th Wing
and hosts German Air Force training and various test
programs, including the world's longest rail test track.

The base currently supports approximately 21,000 activeduty Reserve and National Guard personnel, along with
retirees, Department of Defense personnel and their
family members.

Holloman Air Force Base covers nearly 60,000

9 acres and has a rich history dating back to the 1940s,
10 when the base served as training grounds before
11 personnel were deployed to the Pacific and European
12 theaters.

Today the 49th Wing supports national security objectives by providing combat-ready airmen that are prepared to deploy worldwide to support peacetime and wartime contingencies. Several different aircraft operate from Holloman Air Force Base. Holloman hosts the MO-1/MO-9 and F-22 aircraft.

In 2010, the Air Force announced plans to consolidate the F-22 fleet to other installations. The basing of the F-16 training mission is scheduled for Holloman Air Force Base following the departure of the F-22s.

This figure shows the training airspace and ranges that are regularly used by Holloman Air Force

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1 Base. This training airspace includes military

2 operations areas, military training routes, restricted

3 areas, and air-traffic-control-assigned airspace. This

4 map is also available in the handouts that you receive

5 tonight.

As part of our ongoing operations and activities,

7 we implement a variety of protective measures to

8 minimize the impact of noise on our region and the

9 environment from training activities. We're proud of

10 these efforts and our achievements.

11 Because of the many attributes that Holloman Air

12 Force Base offers, our installation is one of the four

13 locations under consideration for the siting of an F-35A

14 Pilot Training Center and training aircraft.

I will now turn the presentation over to Major

16 MacFarland to discuss the F-35A training program and

17 aircraft.

18 MAJOR MacFARLAND: Thank you, Colonel Huyck.

19 My name is Brian MacFarland. I am an F-16 instructor

20 pilot with the Air Education and Training Command, but

21 I'm going to talk to you about the F-35.

The F-35A aircraft is an outcome of the Joint

23 Strike Fighter Program, which is a joint, multinational

24 program among the United States Air Force, Navy, Marine

25 Corps, and nine international partners.

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The Joint Strike Fighter Program merged several independent government projects working on nextgeneration strike aircraft. The goal was to build an affordable universal fighter that would meet the needs of all participants. Three versions of the strike fighter were developed to meet the varying operational needs of the military services. The Air Force version of the aircraft is the F-35A, which is the conventional takeoff and landing model of the F-35.

The F-35A is absolutely essential to the nation's security strategy. It is the newest and most advanced fifth-generation fighter and is needed to deter and defeat 21st Century threats.

The F-35A is intended to be the Air Force's

premier strike aircraft through the first half of the 21st Century, offering low visibility, close- and long-range air-to-ground and air-to-air capability, enhanced precision-strike capability, and sophisticated electronic warfare capabilities.

21 range of roles and missions currently conducted by the 22 F-16 and the A-10 aircraft and would also complement the

The multifaceted F-35A would fulfill the wide

23 F-22 aircraft.

The F-35A is more effective than current fighter aircraft in air-to-ground combat, air-to-air combat,

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1 reconnaissance and suppression of air defenses and has a

2 better range while requiring less logistics support.

3 Features of the aircraft that make it a cutting-

4 edge aircraft are affordability, low visibility,

5 supportability, and weapons. The F-35A is actually

6 designed to cost 40 to 50 percent less to operate and

7 support than comparable current-generation aircraft.

8 The Air Force has evaluated the potential

9 environmental impacts associated with the proposed

0 basing of F-35A training aircraft. For more information

11 about the environmental impact analysis process and

12 findings, I will now turn the presentation over to

13 Mr. David Martin.

14 MR. MARTIN: Thank you, Major MacFarland.

15 My name is David Martin, and I'm a contractor with the

16 Air Education and Training Command and a project manager

for the F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact

18 Statement.

19 The draft EIS was prepared by the Air Force to

20 comply with the National Environmental Policy Act or

21 "NEPA." This draft EIS represents compliance with NEPA

22 and is an important part of the Air Force's overall

23 commitment to environmental stewardship.

The EIS was initiated in December of 2009. An

early part of the EIS process included 23 public scoping

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Page 16

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meetings, seven of which were held in New Mexico, to enable the public to provide input on the proposed action, the alternatives under consideration, and environmental resources and issues to be analyzed. 5 Government agencies, elected officials, tribes, community and environmental organizations and individuals were encouraged to submit comments at the scoping meetings or to provide written comments throughout the scoping period. The comments received were considered in the preparation of the draft EIS. This draft EIS is the result of extensive 11 12 analysis and consideration of public and agency comments received during the scoping period. It is a complex and 13 14 comprehensive document, so I would like to provide an overview of what it includes and the findings. 16

A no-action alternative and a proposed action are analyzed in the draft EIS. NEPA requires that federal agencies consider a no-action alternative when preparing an EIS.

In this particular instance, under the no-action
alternative, the establishment of a Pilot Training
Center and basing of an F-35A aircraft would not take
place at all. No F-35A personnel changes or
construction would be performed, and no F-35A training

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activities would be conducted.

1 At each alternative location, the no-action

2 alternative constitutes baseline conditions and allows

3 decision makers to compare the magnitude of the effects

4 of no action to the effects of the proposed action.

As mentioned, the proposed action is to establish

6 a Pilot Training Center with associated basing of F-35A

7 training aircraft at one or more Air Force or Air

8 National Guard installations.

Installations with adequate military airspace and

10 facilities are needed to accommodate the training of the

11 F-35A pilots and personnel. Training would include the

12 use of flare countermeasures and supersonic flight as

13 permitted in authorized airspace. Training would also

14 include the use of munitions at approved military ranges

15 and the use of auxiliary airfields to diversify

16 training.

17 So this EIS looks at four basing locations. Each

18 location for the F-35A training basing is an alternative

9 for the purpose of this EIS.

20 Alternative F-35A training basing locations are:

21 Boise Air Guard Station in Idaho, Holloman Air Force

2 Base here in New Mexico, Luke Air Force Base in Arizona,

23 and Tucson International Airport Air Guard Station in

24 Arizona.

25 The Air Force evaluated the potential

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Page 17

environmental impacts of establishing the F-35A Pilot
Training Center and Aircraft Training Squadrons at each
of these alternative locations. The Air Force analyzed
the impacts of basing increments of 24 aircraft, from 24
to 144 aircraft, depending on capacity at the candidate
location.

Currently, the Air Force's preferred alternative
is to base the Pilot Training Center with 72 F-35A
training aircraft at Luke Air Force Base; however, no
decisions regarding the proposal will be made until
after the environmental impact analysis process is
complete.

The environmental analysis for Holloman Air Force 13 14 Base was conducted using eight aircraft basing scenarios, as we see up here. Three of these scenarios 15 included basing from 24 to 72 F-35A aircraft with the assigned F-16 training mission. Five additional 18 scenarios were assessed for planning purposes. These scenarios, without the F-16 training mission, include 19 20 basing from 24 up to 120 F-35A aircraft. Again, this information is provided in the printed materials you 22 have and throughout the stations in the back.

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and only in existing military ranges. No modifications

at Holloman Air Force Base in existing military airspace

F-35A flight training activities would take place

1 to airspace would be required, and proposed training

2 activities would be consistent with existing airspace

3 operations.

4 The Air Force analyzed potential environmental

5 consequences associated with changes in personnel,

construction, or renovation of facilities, and new

7 training activities in existing military airspace,

8 ranges, and at auxiliary airfields to support F-35A

9 training aircraft if based at Holloman. Auxiliary

airfields included in the analysis are the Roswell

11 International Air Center, Biggs Army Airfield, and the

12 El Paso International Airport.

13 Specific resource categories evaluated in the 14 Environmental Impact Statement are listed up here.

Extensive details about the evaluation of each of these resource areas can be found in a draft EIS and its summary fact sheet distributed here tonight. Public

comments received during the scoping period conducted in

19 2010 mainly concentrated on potential noise impact to

20 the community, so with that said, we'd like to spend

21 some additional time on that particular topic tonight.

What you're looking at up here is a noise contour

23 map for areas surrounding Holloman Air Force Base for

24 baseline conditions and for each of the F-35A aircraft

25 basing scenarios.

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tonight.

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Page 19 1 The blue line on the map shows the baseline conditions of 50 F-16 aircraft, and these subsequent contours represent the eight aircraft basing scenarios. The noise contours reflect the 65-decibel day-night average sound level -- or DNL -- which is a sound level averaged over a 24-hour period with an adjustment for late-night noises. 65-decibel DNL is a threshold above which certain land uses, such as residential, are not considered compatible by the Federal Aviation Administration or the Air Force without measures to 11 ensure that interior noise level goals are met. 12 The Air Force analyzed the noise effects associated with training activities on human annoyance 13 14 and health; and physical effects on structures, and biological, land use, socioeconomic, and cultural 16 resources. 17 Sound levels were analyzed for noise-sensitive locations, which include on- and off-installation schools, hospitals, and places of worship. The methodology used to assess and quantify noise impacts is more thoroughly described in the draft EIS, and we encourage you to review it in greater detail and ask as many questions as you like throughout the process here

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The analysis indicates that under all eight F-35A

1 basing scenarios, no additional residents would be

2 affected by noise levels greater than 65-decibel DNL.

3 The number of acres nearer the airfield affected by

4 noise levels greater than 65-decibel DNL would increase,

5 except under basing Scenario H1. Please refer to the

6 fact sheet you received tonight for more information on

7 that.

8 As shown previously, this is the map of the

9 training airspace and ranges regularly used by Holloman

0 Air Force Base. This training airspace includes

11 military operation areas, military training routes,

12 restricted areas, and air-traffic-control-assigned air

13 spaces.

I saw a hand go up a second ago, and we're going

to take comments in a minute, so after we finish this

16 presentation, then you'll be able to come up and make

17 comments.

18 The F-35A training operations could increase

9 subsonic noise levels on areas under training airspace.

20 Noise created by aircraft exceeding the speed of sound

21 -- or going supersonic -- would not change significantly

22 from the baseline F-16 supersonic operations identified

3 in the draft EIS and would occur under airspace

24 currently approved for supersonic training.

25 Sonic booms created by the F-35A are expected to

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Page 21 be less intense than the F-22 and slightly more intense than the F-16. The F-35A aircraft is not as likely to

 $^{
m S}$ go supersonic as often as the F-22.

Noise impacts from inert munitions training at the Red Rio, Centennial, and Oscura Ranges would be similar to the baseline F-16 conditions and are not expected to be significant.

The Air Force would continue to adhere to all existing FAA and local avoidance procedures, flight restrictions, and scheduling adjustments.

The EIS also provides detailed noise analyses for locations that would serve as auxiliary airfields with training aircraft. The noise contour map shown here reflects the potential noise from F-35A training aircraft on areas surrounding Biggs Army Airfield and the El Paso International Airport.

For these auxiliary airfields, the number of off-installation residents affected by sound levels greater than 65-decibel DNL would increase by an estimated 377 to 2,032 people under the various basing scenarios.

Some schools and childcare centers in the vicinity of the El Paso International Airport would be affected by elevated noise levels. However, possible noise attenuation measures, such as structural modification,

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could reduce these noise effects.

Page 22 These noise contour maps up here reflect the potential noise impacts from F-35A training aircraft on areas surrounding the Roswell International Air Center under the eight aircraft basing scenarios. The first map shows Scenario H1W through H3W, which includes F-16s. The map on your right shows noise contours for Scenarios H1 through H5, which do not include the F-16s. So the map on the left is with F-16s, map on the right is without F-16s. For the auxiliary airfield the 10 number of residents affected by noise levels greater 11 than 65-decibel DNL would increase by an estimated five 12 to 497 people under the various basing scenarios. Some 13 schools and childcare centers in the vicinity of the airfield would be affected by elevated noise levels. 14 Again, noise attenuation measures could reduce these 16 noise effects.

17 At this time, the Air Force has completed the first three steps of the NEPA process. We're now in the 19 fourth step, providing the draft EIS for public review 20 and comment. This phase is an essential part of the 21 NEPA process because it allows the public to review the 22 draft EIS and comment on the Air Force's analysis of 23 potential environmental effects. We encourage you to 24 provide your input here tonight or by March 14th of this year so that it can be considered for incorporation into

Page 24

Page 23

the final EIS. All comments we receive between now and

- March 14th will be considered in this EIS.
- 3 The Air Force is committed to keeping the
- community informed throughout the NEPA process. In
- addition to holding these public hearings, the Air Force
- has established a website to make it easy for you to
- 7 find and review environmental documents. The draft EIS
- 8 is posted on this website, as well as additional
- 9 information, and the fact sheets are available here
- tonight. So all the fact sheets that are available here
- 11 tonight are on the website as well.
- 12 You may also review a hard copy of the draft EIS
- 13 by visiting one of the six public libraries listed in
 - the NEPA handout you received tonight.
- 15 Comments on the draft EIS may be provided orally
- or in writing here tonight or by fax, e-mail, or mailing
- 17 written comments to this address up here. All of this
- 8 information is provided on the comment form and on the
- 19 project website.
- Now I will turn the presentation over to Colonel
- 21 Gregory, who will facilitate the oral-comment session.
- 22 Thank you for your time.
- 23 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. Thanks. We'll
- now move into the public-comment part of the hearing,
- 5 and here's how this works. I'll use these speaker

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- 1 comment cards, that those of you who want to speak
- 2 filled out, to call folks up to the mic. If you'd like
- 3 to make an oral comment and haven't yet filled out one
- 4 of these cards, just raise your hand, and we'll get you
- 5 a card to fill out. Allison Turner will take care of
- 6 you. If you change your mind, let her know, and she'll
- get you a card.
- 8 The procedure gives three minutes to each
- 9 speaker. When I call your name, please come on up to
- 0 the mic, and Allison here is going to be our timekeeper.
- 11 She'll start the clock when you're ready to go.
- 12 To help Ms. Harms, please begin by stating your
- 13 name and the name of the organization, if any, that you
- 14 represent. It will also help out Ms. Harms if you'd
- 15 spell out your last name. We have it on these cards,
- 16 but sometimes we misread what's printed on the card.
- 17 Please don't provide any other personal information,
- 18 like your home address or phone number. Again, your
- 19 comments are recorded verbatim. They will be used to
- 20 develop a transcript and permanent record of the meeting
- 21 and will be published in the final EIS. Your name will
- be included, along with your comment, and will be in the
- 23 final EIS, but, of course, we will not include your
- 24 personal home address and phone number.
- Of course, you don't have to speak for the full

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Page 26

Page 25 three minutes. To help you keep track of the time, Allison here has got some colored cards. She's going to show you when time is getting short. She'll hold up a yellow card when you've got, give or take, 30 seconds left, something like that, and a red card when your time is up. When you see her flash the red card, please just go ahead and conclude your comments at that point so I can call the next person. You don't need to yield any remaining time to someone else. I'll just move to the next speaker when you're finished. Also, it just takes 11 too much time to set up individual electronic 12 presentations, but those can certainly be submitted as written comments. 13 Tonight's hearing is set to end at 8:00 p.m., so 14 we have got about an hour and a half. If everyone who 15 signed up to speak has had a chance to do so before 8:00 16 p.m., I'll ask if any speaker would like another three minutes to expand on what you said earlier, and if you want to do that, just let me know, and I'll put another 20 three minutes back on the clock for you. 21 If you want to add something later to your oral 22 comments or if you'd rather not speak here tonight, you can certainly submit written comments. There is no page

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limit on written comments, and the Air Force gives equal

weight to oral and written comments. Both become part

1 of the official record, and both are included in the

2 final EIS.

3 Just a few reminders before we get started.

4 First, please limit your comments to the draft EIS.

That is the purpose of this public-comment period.

6 Second, if you agree with the previous speaker on

7 something, you can certainly say that, but you don't

8 need to use up your time repeating it because it's

9 already in the record. Finally, as I mentioned earlier,

this part isn't a Q&A session. It's an opportunity for

11 you to put on the record your views and your concerns

12 about the proposal that you want the decision makers to

13 consider.

14 Questions that you pose during your comments will

5 become a part of the record and will be considered.

16 After we're done with this formal part of the hearing,

17 then the Air Force reps and others will continue to be

18 available to discuss things with you back around those

19 boards that you saw at the beginning. All right.

20 With that, I will call our first speaker off the

21 top here, Ms. Ellen Kazor. I hope I pronounced that

22 correctly.

23 MS. KAZOR: Hello. My name is Ellen Kazor,

24 and my husband and I are property owners here in the

25 Mayhill-Weed area. We've been here since 1999. First,

		Pac	ge 27
	1	I want to thank our Air Force personnel for all the	
	2	dedication and service they provide. Thank you very	
	3	much.	
	4	I had a prepared statement here, but I found out	
	5	we only have three minutes, so I don't know how it's	
	6	going to shake out, so let's give it a shot.	
	7	One of my concerns is that in the EIS document I $\bar{\ }$	1
	8	wasn't able to really find information specifically	
	9	concerning the F-35 flying in our areas. What I'm	
	10	referring to in particular is Table HO 2.2-3, and on	
	11	there are listed the MTRs, the military training routes,	DO-43
	12	that would be used in our area. We are all located	
	13	under some kind of a military training route. I did ask	
	14	around in the back for some clarification, and I kind of	
	15	got a mixed bag on this.	
	16	The military training routes, minimum altitudes	1
	17	are 100 feet to 500 feet above ground level, according	
	18	to this document. If you're flying at that level,	
	19	you're looking at decibel levels of about 133 at 300	
	20	feet and 129 at 100 feet. According to the EIS	
	21	document, decibel levels at 75 decibels are unsuitable	SO-1
	22	for residential use.	
	23	So according to the MTR statement in the table	
	24	here, the F-35 has a potential of flying in our airspace	
	25	at a hundred feet above ground level and 500 feet above	
1			I

	Pac	ge 28
1	ground level. The draft EIS says a majority of that	
2	will be occurring above 10,000 feet; nevertheless, about	
3	15 percent of that, according to the draft EIS, will be	SO-1 cont'd
4	at a hundred feet or 500 feet above ground level.	
5	So taking into consideration the fact that 75	
6	decibels is not suitable for residential use, we're	
7	looking at something pretty significant.	
8	The other thing I didn't find in the draft EIS	
9	was anything about focused booms. There isn't any data	
10	in the draft EIS about focused booms. So if there	
11	isn't, are we and the NEPA evaluators to make the	NO-25
12	assumption that focused booms are not generated by the	
13	F-35A under any flight conditions? Where is that data	
14	either way?	
15	The other question that I have, when I was	
16	looking at the draft EIS, some of the quotes from the	
17	draft EIS state, "The F-35A is a new weapon system.	
18	Information on existing operation is unavailable," and,	
19	quote, "flight crews and maintenance personnel are still	
20	learning about the aircraft's capabilities and	NP-13
21	limitations," and, quote, "For the environmental	
22	analysis, the F-35 operations were modeled. According	
23	to the draft EIS, the model uses preliminary training	
24	documents, projected capabilities, employment profiles,	
25	and comparison with the F-16."	
1		1

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F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 29 1 So this substantiates the first quote that information from the existing operation is unavailable. So if, according to the draft EIS, information is unavailable, flight crews and maintenance personnel are NP-13 still learning about the F-35, and the environmental analysis is based on modeling, please explain how this draft EIS meets NEPA's requirements for detailed study of the F-35 and the potential environmental consequences of the proposed actions and its cumulative impacts. Thank you. COLONEL GREGORY: Thank you, ma'am. And, 11 again, if that wasn't enough time, I think we're 12 probably going to have time for a reattack later. Just 13 14 let me know if you'd like to do that. 15 Our next speaker, Mr. Tom Smith. 3002 HO 16 MR. SMITH: Thank you very much for the opportunity to talk with you. First off, I'm a military man myself, 13 years submarine service, teaching in a 19 nuclear power school and operating submarines. It's a 20 noisy environment. 21 Also, I operate the Dark Ridge Observatory, which is an astronomical observatory here in the mountains, and as a result, I deal with scientific data, and I work

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So I have a couple comments. First off, since

with that extensively.

25

D.8-15

Page 30 I've only got three minutes, I was going to talk about a few things such as countermeasures, but I'll leave that to another point or I'll write it down and write in. That's a concern, however. The noise that we can expect in our mountains, that's a big deal to me because I was retired after NO-38 operating power plants, both commercial and nuclear, both military and also commercial. I think retirement for me is a big deal, and I did that after serving my stint with the military, which is a very good thing. 11 I'm pro-military. Do not take this away negatively. I 12 think we are the best in the world, and we can be the 13 best in the world, but we have to be the most honest in 14 the world too. 15 To that point, HO 18, HO 2.2-3 specifically states that in New Mexico there were 47 people who attended meetings, scoping meetings. That's all. I 18 have a roster. 84 people showed up here in this 19 gymnasium in 2010. 20 Noise, what does it mean? We don't really have 21 any hard numbers from the military or in this EIS about 22 the F-35A. We don't know what it's going to do at 100 23 feet above ground. At 620 knots, that's pretty fast. We don't know what it's going to do. 25 But here are the numbers that you might be

Page 31 familiar with, okay? We operate and live in 25 dB, which is based on a document in the EIS; countryside on a windless day away from traffic. That's our noise level, 25 dB. I'm talking about now about 80 dB, so you understand what that means. 6 Okay. 45 dB is the recommended upper limit for homes, motels, laboratories, private offices, courtrooms. My submarine engine room was 120 decibels. I know what that noise is like. I know what it is, and I'm glad I retired here. The F-35, what we can find, is 133 decibels. 160 decibels is peak when you fire a 30-30. That's what you're going to hear at your ear, 160 dB. 133 decibels, the F-35 may be flying. 13 14 Lightning, we're all familiar with lightning. Lightning is 120 decibels. 120 decibels is above the noise level causing pain. This is 512 times the noise level of our 16 normal background environment. These are not big 18 numbers. 512 times, okay? It's based on 25 dB on background and 130 dB as the top flight noise from the 20 F-35 flying over. 21 Now, let's just put that to real terms. There 22 you are making your precision cut in your shop with your saw, your band saw, and that thing comes over a hundred feet above your house, 620 knots, blowing your doors

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out, and I mean literally blowing your doors out, okay?

Page 32 I don't want to put my hand down there. I'm not the guy drilling that first nail in that horse's shoe. I'm not the farrier that's going to hear that boom. What do you think is going to happen to that hoof? I guarantee you, these animals bolt. There was a very good video showing this back in 1989, I believe it was, where there was an interview on TV where an overflight happened, and was not an F-35A. It was higher. A bunch of horses bantered away in a frenzy and potentially could have injured people as well as damaged themselves. 12 Thank you very much. My time is up. And I 13 solute you guys. 14 COLONEL GREGORY: As I mentioned, I think we're going to have time for reattack, if you'd like to 16 add to that. 17 Next speaker, Mr. Walt Coffman. 3003 HO 18 MR. COFFMAN: Walt Coffman, C-o-f-f-m-a-n. I'm a long-term resident. Well, 12 years in Weed. Three minutes isn't nearly enough time to go through the F-35, but I would like to jump on the noise bandwagon 22 again. 23 120 dB is a threshold of pain. 130, upper limit in that pain thing, hearing loss, immediate hearing loss [E.J.9

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at 140 dB, give or take. Studies in Germany show that

D.8-17

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Page 34 NO-24 the MTRs we're under. In other EISs, the Air Force has divulged that this airplane is incredibly noisy. There are lawsuits filed. There are people in other countries that refuse to base the aircraft. It's all on this noise issue. It would be refreshing -- and I was very disappointed. It would be refreshing if this EIS actually did a good job of analysis so that we could compare our alternatives. I'd like to be able to NP-29 10 compare Arizona alternatives and Boise alternatives with 11 Holloman. But with the faulty information and the lack 12 of information -- and I just highlighted one of them 13 because I'm out of time -- you cannot make a comparison. 14 I'm just taking on noise right now. 15 There are other areas, such as flare use, that 16 also have missing data that impact us, and everybody up here knows about the fire danger. The Air Force plans SA-8 18 to use probably a hundred tons -- ten to a hundred tons 19 of flares over our mountains, and they don't really 20 analyze the impact nor compare the impact on all the 21 alternatives. 22 I'm out of time. I thank you very much. I want 23 to thank the Air Force for being here. 24 COLONEL GREGORY: Thanks, Mr. Coffman. 25 That's C-o-f-f-m-a-n?

Page 35 MR. COFFMAN: Yes, sir, that's correct. 2 COLONEL GREGORY: I wanted to make sure I didn't skip somebody. I thought I saw another Walt "Kaufmann." 5 MR. COFFMAN: I'll go again, if you want. 6 COLONEL GREGORY: Well, you can if your name is spelled K-a-u-f-m-a-n-n. MS. TURNER: Somebody filled out that card 9 for him. 10 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. Next we have Mr. Don Tracy, T-r-a-c-y. 11 3004 HO 12 MR. TRACY: I moved up here for one reason 13 and one reason only, and that was the quality of life, 14 and I don't think that's been addressed in the EIS. We have a lot of numbers and a lot of things on noise, but NO-36 most of us that moved out into this area moved out here 16 because it offers the quality of life that is unmatched 18 anywhere else, and that quality of life is what matters to most of us most because that's why we're commenting. 20 I don't want to take up three minutes. I just wanted to say we moved here because of the peace, the NO-16 tranquility. We left the big cities behind. What the 22 EIS is telling us here is that we're going to encounter some kind of noise pollution. We're going to encounter = BI-5 some kind of possibility of animals' reaction, and

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Page 36 that's not why we moved out here. I moved out here because it was peaceful and quiet. It doesn't -- I have NO-16 a sound-level meter. It's so quiet out here, it doesn't even register that low, and that's what I like. Thank 5 you. COLONEL GREGORY: Thank you, sir. This is beautiful country out here. This is my first trip out here, and I'm very impressed. 9 Mr. Stephen Cook. 3005 HO MR. COOK: Thank you for the opportunity to 10 speak. I'm a long-time resident of the area. I live 12 about three miles south of here, and I believe I live under the MTR known as IR 192/194, something like that. 13 14 I have a technical background. I have a lot to say about noise, but since I only have three minutes, 15 I'm going to limit my comments. 16 17 With respect to noise, I'm firmly convinced that what appears in the EIS can be skeptically characterized as garbage in equals garbage out, and I'm prepared to 20 fully debate this. I have before, the meeting with Air Force personnel. 22 So I want to move on from noise except to say that even if you accept the Air Force numbers of DNL, SO-1 for my specific location, using their studies that they

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cite and their numbers, which I'm skeptical of, I can

Page 38 firefighters, to people that ride ATVs, to hikers, to SA-5 cont'd children playing that stumble on one of these things. It's bad for us, folks. And that's using Air Force numbers. That means 999,000 of these flares work perfectly, and one fails. That's what they're assuming. These things have a plastic spring mechanism. I find it unbelievable that they're going with that, that they appear to be sticking with it. 9 The other area I want to briefly comment on is 10 the so-called no-action alternative. There is really a 11 need for another alternative in this EIS. The 12 alternative that I have in mind recognizes that our 13 country's economic security is not what it was 10 years 14 ago, okay? Ten years ago, when the F-35 program was 15 sort of approved by the Air Force higher-ups, our 16 country was in much different economic shape than it is DO-5 17 now. 18 A recent article in The Atlantic about a year ago 19 documented a \$1 trillion cost of this program over its 20 lifetime. If you divide that number by the roughly 100 21 million American households, all of our households, it's 22 costing us in taxes \$10,000 a year. There's got to be a 23 different way to do this. 24 We've got a \$15 trillion, roughly, national debt. A trillion dollars added from this one program. Anyway,

	Page 39
1 the CBO proposal that came out in July last year	ar, in
2 response to critics like John McCain, suggested	d a
3 scale-back program of having no F-35s and beefi	ing up the DO-5
4 F-16s, saving \$260 billion. That's over the li	ife of the
5 program. That's what I'd like to see the Air B	Force
6 pursue in another alternative. Thank you.	_
7 COLONEL GREGORY: Ms. Sandra Hunt of	of Spirit
8 Ranch.	3006 HO
9 MS. HUNT: How many decibels do you	
10 Steve just did? That's got to have been 70, at	least.
11 MR. COOK: Sorry.	_
12 MS. HUNT: I want to start with a c	question,
13 because you alluded to that our comments would	be
14 "considered." Are they going to be addressed of	or NP-2
15 considered? Because I put in a lot of comments	s during NP-3
16 the scoping session that were not addressed. T	They might
17 have been considered, but they weren't answered	d. So are
18 these going to be considered or answered?	J
19 COLONEL GREGORY: Well, considered	in the
20 sense that they would become part of the final	EIS and
21 address your concerns.	
22 MS. HUNT: Okay. So it will be add	iressed?
23 COLONEL GREGORY: Should be.	
24 MS. HUNT: Could be?	
25 COLONEL GREGORY: Should be.	

>	Page 40
1	MS. HUNT: Should be.
2	COLONEL GREGORY: Big difference.
3	MS. HUNT: Okay. That's going to be in the
4	comments. Okay. So my concern I've got a lot of
5	concerns, but one of my concerns that wasn't addressed
6	in the EIS is the impact on the businesses that exist up
7	here in the mountains. We have a number of businesses
8	that are based on retreats, on youth camps, on you
9	know, just in addition to the we've got a lot of
10	astronomers' locations, you know, observatories up here.
11	And so I didn't see anything in the EIS that addressed
12	an impact on these businesses.
13	We have over 10,000 youth in the mountains here
14	during the summer. You know, how are they going to
15	address the youth when they're doing 133 decibels? I
16	mean, you know, so I would like to see something in the
17	EIS that addresses the impact on our businesses here in 80-7
18	the mountains. Thank you.
19	COLONEL GREGORY: Mr. Rob Shepler.
20	MR. SHEPLER: I'm Rob Shepler. I live in
21	Mayhill. I've been here for about three years. My
22	father fought in World War II. My ex-father-in-law
23	trained at Holloman. My son went through a youth
24	program. I'm retired from teaching. I support the
25	military. The military has touched probably everybody
1	

Appendix D -F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 41 in this room. I'm a flight buff. Planes are cool. 2 My wife is very concerned about being on her horse during the time the booms happen. And it has Comment Response Document - Public Hearing Transcripts occurred. I spoke to a gentleman in the room this BI-1 evening that was on a horse, had a plane fly over him, and because of the turbulence from the wings, they both went tumbling down the hill. It is incredibly dangerous in a beautiful, beautiful area. 9 If you open up an aeronautical chart, we have --I can't even guess -- millions of acres of MOA 11 throughout the Southwest. Colonel, do you have a guess for how many 12 millions of acres of MOA we have? 13 14 COLONEL MacFARLAND: Ouite a few. 15 MR. SHEPLER: Quite a few? I wonder, you know, as a private citizen -- those are restricted to me 16 -- why training has to occur over my house. I AM-11 18 understand the need to transit from MOA to MOA, but I don't understand the need to do it supersonically. 20 Thank you. 21 COLONEL GREGORY: Mr. Jeff Duncan. 3008 HO 22 MR. DUNCAN: That's Duncan, D-u-n-c-a-n. Three minutes doesn't do justice for any of us, so I'm going to have to adapt here, as everybody else has. I 2.4

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mean this with no disrespect to anybody in this room

D.8-21

Page 42 from the Air Force, but when I read the EIS, the Air NP-12 Force had two years to produce it, and we had about two weeks to read it, and in that two weeks, I had one recurring experience. I find myself stopping, closing the manual, looking at the front cover to make sure that the title wasn't "Harry Potter and the Air Force Magical Kingdom of Deception." I thought this was supposed to be something based upon fact, that you could then use those facts to come to certain conclusions. I didn't get that at all. I 11 got generalities, averages. 12 What does an average mean, 69 decibels, if 144 NO-24 13 F-35s get stationed here, and all of them fly over your 14 house at 500 miles per hour at 500 feet at 129 decibels? That average doesn't mean a damn thing. Why should we 16 be talking about that? This is about specific things that are going to impact our lives in very negative 18 ways. 19 The economic impact was minimized. In fact, I 20 think it was stated, they expect none. So here we are, 21 as other people already spoke, a retreat area, quiet. 22 Bringing in tourists is a big part of the income we all SO-7 23 experience, and we're going to have planes flying over 24 with handicapped kids, young children and adults on horseback, doing other types of things, and out of

Page 43 nowhere comes this plane 500 feet above your head. What's your horse going to do, or what's your kid going to do? Are you going to be able to hear anything when it's done? I don't think so. The Air Force is telling us that there's going to be no economic impact because of that? I have a word that I'd choose to use right now if I didn't want to be polite, and it has to do with horse apples. That doesn't carry it, guys. 9 There's going to be a significant economic impact 10 on us with this. Property values, my wife and I retired and just invested most of what we had saved into our 11 12 property here to build a new house. If this happens -and we're under one of those MTRs -- 500 feet, 129 13 SO-1 14 decibels, planes constantly coming over our house, who in their right mind is going to buy our property? I'm 16 not talking about for any price. I'm talking about not buying the property at all. Our life savings are gone. That's not right. That's the Air Force -- if this goes 19 the way it's planned with Holloman being used, that's 20 the Air Force using weapons of war, multimillion-dollar weapons of war, in acts of aggression against us that GE-4 will hurt us physically, that will hurt us economically 23 in just about every way you can consider. This should not happen. We cannot afford to let this happen. We need to do everything within our power to see that the

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Page 44 F-35s do not end up here. Thank you. GE-4 cont'd 2 COLONEL GREGORY: Well, I've called all the speaker cards that I have. Is there anyone who has not had a chance to speak yet who has decided they want to? Let me give you a chance first. Anyone? Just raise your hand, and we'll get you up here. All right. As promised, is there anyone who has already spoken who would like to put another three minutes back on the clock, as they say in football? All right. Let's see. Let me just move left to right. How about that? I saw three hands. We'll get you all an 12 additional three. 3001 HO MS. KAZOR: Just very quickly, a couple of 13 points that I was gleaning through my papers here. What I would -- oh, my name is Helen Kazor, K-a-z-o-r. What the noise contour map that was presented to the audience earlier this evening failed to include were our NO-38 mountains. You have the Holloman Air Force Base, and you have White Sands, but there's nothing, nothing about our area on the noise contour map. 21 So what I would like to see in the EIS and on this contour map is something a little bit more than NO-24 23 decibel averages. I want to see a little bit more and a little more quantitative metrics there, if possible. 25 The other thing that I think -- and this goes

D.8-23

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Page 46 about Alamogordo. I'm not talking about Holloman Air Force Base. You need to address the 12,0000 full-time SO-19 residents and our life savings that are put into these mountains. 5 COLONEL GREGORY: Sir. 3003 HO MR. COFFMAN: Walt Coffman. I spoke a little about noise, and I want to reiterate that the NP-29 NEPA process in the EIS is about alternatives, and we need enough information to compare alternatives. And so if the data, for example, for peak noise that I spoke 11 about is not available for not just here but for the NP-13 other locations, you cannot do a proper NEPA analysis of 12 13 that. And so to that extent, this EIS is flawed. It's 14 fatally flawed unless those numbers are made available. 15 Let me jump to another noise area because I was 16 just talking about the noise under the military training routes that most of us experience frequently here. But I'd like to jump to the supersonic areas and talk about 19 those just briefly. 20 The EIS would have you believe that this F-3521 produces a sonic overpressure of about five pounds per 22 square foot, and if you read that chart in the EIS, you NO-31 23 think, hey, five pounds, that's less than many, that's 24 insignificant. If you'll look at the damage chart in that same EIS, it will show there's no potential for

		ge 47
1	damage.	
2	In the very fine print, you'll see a statement	
3	that says, "Oh, by the way, this chart only applies if	
4	the aircraft is flying in absolutely straight and level,	
5	no turns and no acceleration, no movement." So just	
6	picture a training mission where the pilot doesn't touch	
7	the throttle and doesn't turn and so on. So it's silly.	
8	In fact, the F-35 will maneuver. It will	
9	accelerate. If you read the fine print, it says, "Hey,	
10	guess what? When you accelerate, the overpressure is	NO-31 cont'd
11	multiplied by two or five," or if you believe NASA,	
12	their recent study, 10.	
13	So let's just do that math real quick. If you're	
14	five pounds overpressure going straight and level, and	
15	you accelerate up through the sound barrier, and the	
16	overpressure is times 10, well, that will make for 50	
17	pounds per square foot on the ground.	
18	If you look at that chart, the same chart I just	
19	talked about for damage, guess what the top number is?	
20	Anybody know? It only goes to 10, and it doesn't go	
21	over 10, okay? So what it says is there will be damage.	
22	Now, I have to say that a focused boom	Ì
23	actually what this is called only affects a very	
24	small area. It doesn't impact a huge area. But if your	NO-25
25	house or your property is under that little area, what	
		I

Page 48 do you think the ramifications are of that 50-pound-per-square-foot boom? It's something to think about. So the EIS doesn't discuss that. They go into no detail about it. They don't tell us how many. The Air Force has plenty of information that NO-25 shows the sonic boom tracks. They can, in fact, know where their planes are going to fly. They have data showing the patterns through the airspace used. They could tell us where these booms are going to land, but they have chosen not to. Furthermore, they don't show us those booms in 11 the other alternatives, so we can't look to see, for example, if Boise has less of a problem with these 13 NP-29 14 focused booms than Holloman. 15 Again, part of the EIS is to be able to compare alternatives. If we don't have the data, then we can't 17 do that. 18 I want to reiterate what Jeff said. I was embarrassed to read this document. It is fluff. There are very few hard numbers. It's a cut-and-paste job from several other EISs. I'm especially offended that a specifically noisy, notably noisy aircraft, has NO-24 23 virtually no noise information, no peak, no Lmax 24 numbers, all averages. Thank you. 25 COLONEL GREGORY: Let me come back to you

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ge 49	Pa	
	1 because I have someone signed up who hasn't spoken, and	1
	2 then we'll come back to the reattack set.	2
009 HO	3 Mr. Riley is with Congressman Pearce's office.	3
]	4 MR. RILEY: Good evening. Thank you for	4
	5 $$ inviting me. I'm glad that we were able to be a part of	5
	6 this. Basically, the only thing I wanted to do was go	6
	7 ahead and encourage everybody to submit their comments	7
	8 for the official record, but as an office of	8
	9 congressional representation, we don't a have place	9
GE-13	oright now as far as we're not sure what the public is	10
	concerned most about and that they're wanting. That's	11
	why we've attended these meeting. I'll be at one	12
	tomorrow, and then we'll have someone in Alamogordo.	13
	I would like to encourage you to keep us in the	14
	loop on everything that you submit so that we can do the	15
	best possible job to represent your ideals additionally.	16
	No that's just all I want to say. Please just include	17
]	18 us. Thank you.	18
02 HO		19
02 NU		20
	21 speaker. That's S-m-i-t-h.	21
	All right. My comments, I need to add a little	22
	23 bit here too. I'm the guy with the observatory. Flares	23
SA-8	are discussed in the EIS in very minimal fashion. In	24
	25 fact, the flares they discuss are not flares that will	25

Page 50 actually fly. They're flares that are flown off F-16s. These flares, however, do contain magnesium in significant quantities, and magnesium is a metal. When metal burns, it's different than when the forest burns. When it hits the ground, it's going to be explosive, SA-5 it's going to be extremely high temperature. You can't put it out with water unless you flood it completely. You can't do that in the mountains. You can't put it out with CO2 to remove the oxygen. It produces its own upon burning. Enough about flares. 11 Countermeasures, what about electronic countermeasures? This plane, from what I've read, has 12 the ability to electronically simulate itself in another 13 14 location or more than one plane. It can do that. That's the beauty of this thing. Of course, it's 16 probably extremely top secret how it's done. I'm an amateur radio operator also. I do know a little bit DO-13 18 about radiofrequency. The way you can do that is you can phase multiple frequencies and have them combine in 20 a particular location to stimulate an energy pack. 21 Now, the question is, what frequencies? What 22 intensities are they going to use to stimulate these? A lot of us up in the mountains rely on the internet 24 through wifi. What about your home internets? What about your business inside your house? Is it going to

5	Page 51
1	be affected by this focused radiofrequency? What
2	frequency am I talking about? That's not even
3	addressed, first off.
4	We live in a rural community. We don't have the
5	advantages of cable modem. We don't have hard wire in a
6	lot of cases. We have to rely on what we've got. There
7	are not a lot of us compared to the other voting
8	populations down in Alamogordo, that's true, but we're
9	significant. Don't forget us, okay?
10	I encourage everybody, as was stated before, to
11	write your comments. In the back of the room we've got
12	some question flyers with some bullet points and
13	questions that might raise a little bit of interest in
14	you. I suggest you pick one up on your way out. Please
15	do document in writing what you want to discuss, what
16	you want to say.
17	I'll, again, say the data in here is supposition,
18	at its best. There are facts about other things besides
19	the F-35A. There are facts real nice facts about the
20	16 and 22, other planes. There is no hard evidence on NP-13
21	this plane and how it's going to operate. That's all I
22	want to say at this time. Thank you.
23	COLONEL GREGORY: We have a new speaker,
24	Mr. Conner.
25	MR. CONNER: I wasn't going to say anything,

Page 52 but I have a couple of questions and one comment. I was reading one of your force release numbers, 1201-08, January of '12. It says, "The purpose of this project is to train pilots and personnel to safely and effectively operate the F-35A aircraft." Well, I'm not too sure this is a good place to practice safety. Just food for thought. You know, I think when these corridors were originally developed, there were a lot less people SA-1 living in the mountains. So that should be taken into consideration. And that's from your own press release I was just reading from. There is no doubt, fire and safety is our concern 13 here. Somebody talked about flares. That was one of 14 the things. If we're talking about training people on safety, I'm not sure this is a smart thing to do in the area that we have, as densely populated as it is now. I know when I was a young man here, there wasn't anybody over here, but there's people here everywhere now. Food 20 for thought. 21 The EIS itself, I haven't really looked at it, but I've heard some of these folks talk about it. Tom and some of these others, but there's no correlation --NO-38 as far as the studies being done, you can't correlate it

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to this mountain range. Your decibel levels are going

D.8-27

Page 54

SO-17 cont'd

3011 HO

SO-18

3005 HO

Page 53	n	
rage 33	to be higher too because of echoes in the canyon, and	1
	those studies that were done weren't done, you know, in	2
NO-38	the mountains. It doesn't say that, that I'm aware of.	3
	So that's something you want to consider.	4
=		5
	Flight frequency as compared to the F-22, I'd	
_	like to know what the difference is. The frequency in	6
DO-45	the flight that is going to take place, I don't know if	7
	it says that in the EIS or not, but it may. If it's	8
	increased, it's going to be a larger impact, not only	9
	for decibel levels but a lot of levels.	10
	There's no doubt in my mind that whatever comes	11
	out of this, we don't need to be flying around here in	12
	the middle of the night. You know, we're trying to	13
NO-3	sleep here. I don't think you're going to be flying	14
ne l	over Alamogordo in the middle of the night. I mean, the	15
	public down there just isn't going to permit it, and	16
e	there's no difference up here in the real sense, in the	17
	real world.	18
2	From a livestock standpoint, I think we're all	19
i i	interested in that, especially us that have stock. But	20
	the EIS talks about in 1983 there's a study on dairy	21
SO-17	cattle, which don't even compare to ranch cattle, but	22
	two in ten aborted, okay? Well, if you do that based	23
	upon a hundred head, we'll say, about everybody around	24
	here has got a hundred dead cows. You're talking about	25
I		

l		2	year, okay? That's something to consider.
l		3	In 1994, it said that the studies indicate that
l		4	three out of five aborted. That's pretty significant.
l		5	Based upon a hundred head, again, that's a \$66,000 loss
l		6	of profit, okay? That's basically all I have to offer.
l		7	Thank you.
l	Ш	8	COLONEL GREGORY: Mr. Tom Ward.
l		9	MR. WARD: My name is Tom Ward. I've been
l		10	up here for about 20 years. Last night, I had the
l		11	privilege of talking to the mayor of Ruidoso Downs. As
l		12	most of you know, that's where our big racetrack is. I
l		13	guess it's the basis of the economy there. Some of you
l		14	should be aware that I think they passed a 50-cents-per-
l		15	household tax just to help support it.
l	Ш	16	And we were discussing, so what are the effects
l		17	of, you're trying to get the horses in the gate, and
l		18	over comes a plane? You're in the middle of the race,
l		19	and over comes a plane. Game's over. That's their
l		20	whole that's their whole economy. So that's all I
l		21	have. Thank you.
l		22	COLONEL GREGORY: I think you're next. I
l	Ш	23	don't have any new speakers. Okay. Three minutes on
l		24	the clock for Mr. Cook.
		25	MR. COOK: Thank you. I want to just
I	I		

based on current market value of a loss of \$11,000 a

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Page 55 briefly add to my earlier comments. With respect to noise and why I see the EIS as garbage in equals garbage out, first of all, with respect to sonic boom measurement by the Air Force EIS's own admission, Appendix D, page 52, their last sonic boom measurements that they relied on were made in 1994, many, many years before the F-35 was even on the drawing board. NO-25 When you make a computer model, generally what 9 you try to do is physically model with some equations, and then you fit that to real data based on, you know, outputs you have and inputs and all of that, and real 11 data ideally ought to be closely linked to what you're modeling. 13 14 Here, for the most part, certainly in the supersonic boom, we don't have the real data for the F-35. In the subsonic realm, there's almost nothing in 16 this EIS that suggests where to look for that. And, 18 incidentally, I've documented on my own written response to the EIS's numerous errors and places where I can't NP-31 20 track down references. I'm running into some barrier that the Air Force has erected. These are in-house 22 publications or whatever. I can't find it. 23 There's one place where noise mitigation, which was a question raised a couple of years ago in the NO-20 scoping sessions, is referred to as to be found in

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Page 56 Section 5.0 in Chapter 4 where the base alternatives are gone over. In looking most typically in Section 4.3, NO-20 there is no Section 5.0. I had very much trouble finding stuff on noise mitigation measures. Anyway, in the subsonic realm for F-35 noise measurements, I did find some stuff in Eglin Air Force Base's recent EIS, in Appendix E of that document, that admits that in the subsonic realm, the only two things the Air Force is really going on are measurement made at Lockheed, the manufacturer, in 2002 -- I don't know what NO-49 exactly they had; maybe the engine or whatever -- and some more recent ones in 2007 by the Air Force. But 13 admittedly, those were very limited and not relevant to 14 these wild -- I mean, they don't justify making the wild 15 extrapolations of the modeling that I'm pretty sure are 16 there. 17 With respect to the second area I commented on, at more length, flares, Tom Smith said some stuff on SA-4 flares, but magnesium burns at over 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit. It's pretty darn scary stuff. I once did a chemistry demonstration in which I got so used to doing it that I failed to put my bucket of sand down to catch this burning big chunk of magnesium, and I burned a hole in a concrete floor -- it was kind of embarrassing -- at this university where I worked.

D.8-29

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Page 57 1 There is a need for this alternative that recognizes our decreased economic security, which increasingly people recognize is every bit as important as our national security that the Defense Department provides. In the last few months, apparently, there was a panel of five Pentagon experts that really looked critically at the F-35 program, and they found 13 different design flaws that will add billions of dollars to that over \$1 trillion cost that I spoke of. 10 One of those most ominously -- or maybe not "one 11 of those," but the rumors are that there are concerns DO-5 12 about the observability of the F-35. In other words, one of the big reasons to have the F-35 is its radar 13 14 footprint is very minimal, and apparently that's coming into question. 15 16 So my alternative wants the Air Force to consider this push by the Congressional Budget Office, and it 18 does away with the F-35, it enhances the F-16s, maybe the F-18s or the A-18s, which continue to do some of 20 what the F-35 could do at a much, much lower cost, which would save big bucks and wouldn't put us out on the rim 22 with these scary uncertainties about the F-35. Thank 23 you. 2.4 COLONEL GREGORY: Jennifer Fountain -- new

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speaker, come on up -- of Spirit Ranch.

MS. FOUNTAIN: I wasn't going to talk, and then my mom kept poking me. Something that kept kind of sticking out to me, we moved here -- my husband and I moved here about three or four years ago from New York City, and the decibel level is a little higher there than it is here. One of the first things we noticed was the guiet and what it does to our nervous systems, basically. 9 I want the Air Force to know, when considering these questions, that the people out here, we live a very different life out here than people live in the city, and a lot of people come out here to share in that lifestyle with us, and a lot of that lifestyle is based 13 14 on being outdoors. 15 So we not only have got kids who are living out here, we've got thousands of kids who come here in the NO-18 summer for that experience of being outdoors that you don't get much anymore unless you're privileged enough to be able to get out here. 20 Something that this EIS kept saying was that "Noise attenuation measures could be applied to impacted 22 schools and childcare centers to address the potential 23 adverse noise impacts." Those noise attenuation measures, I'm assuming, are bulking up the insulation of buildings to protect the kids from potential negative

Page 60

Page 59 effects from the booms. We don't stay inside a lot out here unless it's real snowy and cold, and when you get kids out here in the summer, the whole point is to get NO-18 them outdoors. Our lives are spent a lot outdoors here, so the noise attenuation measures don't mean dip out 6 here. 7 That's really all I wanted to say. And I really enjoyed going to summer camp when I was a kid. I can't imagine kids being out here and dealing with sonic booms EJ-2 and possibly having to stay indoors more because they don't want to lose their hearing. So that was what 12 struck me. Thank you. COLONEL GREGORY: Any other new speakers? 13 14 Anvone? Other reattack? 3003 HO 15 MR. COFFMAN: One more. 16 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. You've got 17 time. 18 MR. COFFMAN: I actually have about five hours of stuff. I'll try to summarize this. I'm going 20 to pick one of the other topics, and I'm going to talk about the JAG Corps and the claims process. Throughout 22 the EIS, you'll see references to claims. It sort of goes on. I'll paraphrase it: "Gee, if we fly over and 23 blow your windows out or we kill your cows or whatever, all you have to do is call, and a friendly Air Force

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1 person will take care of it for you."

And, indeed, I have to say I've dealt with

3 Holloman before. I don't see her here, but they are

4 very friendly and generally reasonably knowledgeable.

5 But, unfortunately, statistics show that your success

rate in that claims process is very low, and, in fact,

7 unless you have a lot of money, you're not going to be

8 very -- your chances of being successful are practically

9 zero.

10 The numbers are available. The JAG Corps keeps

11 this pretty secret. I haven't seen anything published

12 recently, but in the past, the numbers are -- anybody

13 care to guess? Anybody? Okay. 6-1/2 percent for some

14 kinds of claims. I've seen it as high as 25 percent.

15 The process goes, you turn in a claims form, which is

16 kind of complicated, especially if you're brain damaged,

17 like I am. And then you wait because the Air Force has

.8 a large time frame to hold that and examine it. So you

19 might go -- I think it's 60 days. It's some lengthy

20 time. At that point, they'll probably say, "Sorry."

21 And then you have an opportunity to go back and

22 say, "Well, gee, you know, wait a minute. I've got all

23 these pictures of dead chickens."

24 The Air Force has another big time frame, and at

25 the end of that process, if you're only one of the

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F-35A			
5A			ge 61
Tra	1	unlucky 75 to 95 percent, the Air Force will say, "Gee,	
ini	2	we're sorry. We're not going to honor that because it's	
ing	3	not right, and instead, going to federal court, you can	
Ba	4	sue us there." Of course, federal court is pretty	
sin	5	pricey. I can't afford it.	
g E	6	Why do I bring this up in the EIS? Because the	
nvi	7	whole idea of the EIS is to compare alternatives. So we	
ron	8	need to look and see, what are the costs in Boise for	
me	9	claims? What are likely costs? What are the	
nta	10	ramifications of the claim process? It's been made as	DO-18
l In	11	part of this EIS. In the EIS you're led to believe it	
ıpa	12	is part of the process. Show us the numbers between the	
Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement	13	alternatives so we have some way of knowing what the	
stat	14	impact is from this.	
em	15	I have one minute. Schools and children are	1
ent	16	affected by noise. The F-35 has an SEL, a noise level,	
	17	of about 120 dB at a thousand feet. It has perhaps 130	NO-24
	18	dB at 500 feet, something like that. There are no	
	19	numbers. The Air Force gives us no numbers.	
	20	We have home-schooled children in this area.	ıl
	21	They have their windows open. They don't have air-	
	22	conditioning. They don't have mitigation for the noise.	
	23	Nowhere in the EIS are the needs for this rural area	EJ-8
	24	outlined or compared to other places, other EISs. I	
	25	just bring up the rural school system as being one of	
		-	'

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Page 62 those. They go into a lot of detail for the main schools, and if you read it, it's shocking, actually, EJ-8 what is going to happen to those schools. But just picture a home-school situation and what that family is going to do. Thank you. COLONEL GREGORY: Is there anyone who hasn't spoken yet who's changed their mind? We'd like to make sure everybody gets a chance to speak that wants to before I go back to the reattacks. Okay. Reattacks, I saw a hand, sir. Come on up. 3004 HO MR. TRACY: I'll tell you, I think the Air 11 Force came out and thought there were some country hicks out here, but that's not what I've been hearing tonight, 13 and I consider myself a country hick. 14 I was interested in one of the pages in the EIS 15 that talked about the number of sonic booms, and it was somewhere in the -- I think for 24 planes, it was .5 or .7 or something. It was real low. It was less than one a day, the number of sonic booms per day. And then I read in another column for 48 and for -- and up to 120 DO-48 planes, and it's still .5 a day. I'm going, "Hmm." 22 "Well, I guess, Johnny, you don't get to fly 23 today. You know, we've got 120 planes and 120 pilots out here, but we only allow, you know, a half a sonic boom a day." So I'm trying to figure out how that logic

Page 63 1 works. DO-48 cont'd 2 COLONEL GREGORY: Anybody else who hasn't spoken yet before I go back to anyone? Okay. If you change your mind and haven't spoken yet, just bring a card up to the table, and I'll get you up here. 5 3005 HO 6 MR. COOK: Reading the 1300-plus pages of 7 the EIS, the executive summary of the appendices, blah, blah, blah, there were a few moments of levity. One of them was provided when in the executive summary I encountered a statement -- this was in the print. It 11 actually wasn't the executive summary. It's a preface 12 where you expect an overview of the whole process and all that. 13 There was a very reassuring sentence that said, 14 "Readers who wish to quickly review the document and 16 compare the alternative locations will benefit from Table 2-12, the summary comparison table found at the 18 end of Chapter 2." 19 So I immediately went there and expected to find DO-49 a nice, one-page table. Table 2-12, the one that you can use to quickly review, is 36 pages long. Each page contains some of the smallest font sizes and characters, 23 really small, crammed in. I mean, just an amazing thing that they're asking you, you know, to get this quick 25 review.

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Page 64 The other thing I wanted to say was, one of the speakers -- it may have been Mr. Martin -- had a slide that used the phrase "possible increased subsonic noise." I think several of us have shot down, you know, NO-24 that belief. Whether it's, you know, the need for peak measures of noise, clearly, the DNL, the day-night averages, are pretty lame. The Air Force apparently likes to link that with the percentage of people that are annoyed, actually, highly annoyed. 10 There is one figure that I really like that I 11 could use to show that 20 percent of the people around NO-77 here, you know, would be highly annoyed, you know, by one of the scenarios, and the figure undoubtedly omits 13 14 the fact that here in the mountains we're used to, you 15 know, very minimal ambient noise and peaceful tranquility. 16 Anyway, sadly, one of the regions in Otero County 17 that the Air Force sees as suffering the greatest noise 19 impact -- they assign a DNL under Scenario H5 to this 20 region, the highest subsonic noise level in the whole LU-4 thing -- sadly, that's in a proposed wilderness national monument area known as Otero Mesa south of here. Also, 23 I think Timberon can be expected to get some of these really high noise levels. Anyway, that's all. 25 COLONEL GREGORY: Any new speakers? All

D.8-33

	Page 65
1	right. We still have time, so I'm not going to close
2	it. Mr. Smith.
3	3002 HO MR. SMITH: I guess one of the first things
4	I wanted to talk about is the fact that when these
5	planes fly and, you know, I'm not a pilot, but I know
6	about how it works. I know flights are usually not done
7	alone. They're done in groups, or at least two people,
8	and typically a training flight has probably the I
9	understand the student is up front, and the pilot, a
10	trainer, is behind.
11	When you're overflown at 500 feet, 620 knots, 130
12	decibels, you don't get it once. You don't get a quick NO-39
13	boom. You get a boom and a boom, and I'm not talking
14	about sonic booms. I'm talking about rapid increase in
15	decibel levels from your ambient to 130 sustained for
16	more than a second, and that is some serious, serious
17	stuff. That can cause instantaneous ear rupture and
18	damage in hearing, and you're not going to get it back,
19	I'm sorry, folks.
20	Okay. As I said, the ramp-ups are much more
21	harmful on your body than ramp-downs in noise. That's
22	proven and documented in many places. That needs to be NO-79
23	looked at very, very closely because the effects are
24	significant of going up and down.
25	Okay. Do you know that there's a special

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Page 66 headgear, noise-attenuating headgear, that the pilots have to use to fly the F-35, as well as the ground crew? There's special stuff they make for this purpose because of the noise associated with the pilots and the ground crew. I think I might have to get a pair of that if I have to leave my house, because you never know, and I'm going to be almost ground crew for the plane flying over my house. I'm in the confines of two of these MTRs. Both of them -- by the way, the MTR lines are the centerline. They can spread out between -- depends upon the number. They can spread out between four and 20 miles outside of centerline flight location. And that also is listed in the EIS. 13 14 Many of these MTRs -- in fact, one in particular that flies over my house also has a very interesting 15 wavelength. Now, I'm not a pilot, like I said, but I know people, and I know that pilots tend to use visual observations, under VFR rules, to make their turns, to follow the next flight path. One of them happens to go over the Bluewater -- the Bluewater Lookout, which happens to be in the national historic records for CU-11 historic buildings or facilities. That requires very significant additional impact studies to be done, and I did not see that anywhere in that document.

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Additionally, down below Timberon, you've got

25

Page 67 some archeological sites, again, listed in the historical record, and there is nothing documenting any specific studies that were done there. Those are frail. Those are very, very delicate things. As Walt pointed out, if you get these focused booms or any kind of boom 6 over these areas where you find these very frail structures, they're going to be damaged significantly forever, folks, forever. 9 Again, this is our mountains. This is our home. This is my retirement place. I want quiet. 11 COLONEL GREGORY: Has anyone changed their 12 mind and want to speak? I don't see anybody new, so, ma'am, come on back. 13 14 Again, if you change your mind and want to speak and haven't had a chance to do so yet, just bring me a 16 card up here. We still have about 20 minutes left. Another three for you on the clock. 3006 HO 18 MS. HUNT: We're all here over the impact of 19 the F-35 on our hearing. The last career that I had was in measuring occupational health hearing and pulmonary function tests, things like that. 22 So my big concern is, I've seen how people lose 23 their hearing, and my question is: If the F-35 -- since NO-68 we have had so little information about it, if the Air Force does bring in this F-35, are you going to be

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Page 68 willing to do the hearing examinations for people and be responsible for loss of hearing as a result of that? NO-68 Because you can measure hearing, and you can measure hearing a year later. 5 So I would say this: If the Air Force won't do it, I'll do it, and we'll do free hearing tests and do baseline levels, and we'll do hearing tests in the mountains, and we're going to have documented evidence that perhaps the Air Force needs to provide a lot of hearing aids. So thanks. 11 COLONEL GREGORY: Any new speakers? 3001 HO MS. KAZOR: Just quickly, a follow-up with 12 what Sandra was talking about, I was able to -- very, 13 14 very quickly -- and forgive me. I don't have it right here, but in the appendices they talk about the fact that the Department of Defense has recognized that the F-35 is a new machine, a new animal, producing new types of noises and decibels, volumes, or whatever else you want to call it. In the appendices -- forgive me, I NO-80 can't do the numbers, but the Department of Defense is requiring some type of hearing analysis be done in areas in which decibel levels are at a certain level. When I 23 was doing the reading as I was driving down here tonight, I believe that decibel level reading rate was

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-- I can't remember -- somewhere around 80 or something

D.8-35

Page 69 like that; that if you're continually exposed to that, then there has to be a study done concerning the decibel NO-80 levels in that area. So, Sandra, I wanted to get some information there. That was the -- oh, a little bit of levity too. Steve was talking about levity. Everyone here is concerned about domestic animals, so immediately I went to the section on domestic animals, and I was cracking up. They have this section on wildlife and domestic animals, and they're going on about how wildlife and 11 domestic animals will habituate to noise. Again, these 12 studies were done in the 1980s. Well, I looked into those studies, and, again, I 13 14 want to emphasize wildlife and domestic animals. The 15 study that they cited, they base their research on 16 mountain goats, raptors, and deer. I don't think any of those are domestic animals. So anyway, it was a great literature review, full of fun, and I enjoyed it. 19 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. 20 Mr. Rinderknecht. 3013 HO 21 MR. RINDERKNECHT: My name is Les Rinderknecht. I think most of you know me, or you've at least heard about me. I hope it's not bad. 23 24 I really have not read this, I haven't studied this, so I can't make any qualified comments, as some of

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Page 70 you may have. I am the president of the board of directors for Sivells Baptist Camp. We have the Sacramento Methodist Assembly. We have kids up on high roads. We have kids that are walking the lines up there, and I worry about those kids constantly, without any sonic booms. Something I think that all of us -- I would really like the Air Force and our military personnel that are here to know that I don't think that they will find many places where they are more supported than they are in this area here in the mountains. We think the world of our military. We think they do a wonderful job, and we're proud of them, all of them. 13 Really, these problems that we're concerned with, 14 I have seven bulls out in the front of my house, and one of those bulls, I don't like going into the pasture with BI-5 him anyway, and I surely don't want to be anywhere in the pasture when we have a sonic boom. There are 19 genuine concerns. 20 I agree with everything these people have said 21 tonight, but it's not against the Air Force or against 22 you people, of course, because we're definitely in 23 support of our military, and we realize that you have to

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have training somewhere, but I think all of these

problems really need to be addressed so that we can

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	Pac	ge 71
1	make, as he was saying, a good decision. Thank you.	
2	COLONEL GREGORY: Thanks, sir. Any new	
3	speakers? Any reattacks? You have time.	
4	MR. COFFMAN: This will be my last time.	003 HO
5	Just a quickie on noise. The Air Force has, of course,	
6	no firm numbers in the EIS. They gloss over this 130 dB	
7	structural damage number. They say things like, "Well,	
8	we don't think it will be that high, and therefore don't	
9	worry about structural damage." And then later we find	
10	out that, indeed, the aircraft, with filtered numbers,	
11	where they take out the low frequencies, is indeed right	
12	at 130 dB. So the EIS is incorrect, and it almost	
13	amounts to a lie. On the one hand, you have this 130 dB	
14	number. It's there, and it's filtered. That means the	NO-31
15	actual number is up higher. And what do they filter	NO-31
16	out? They filter out the very low frequencies. The	
17	F-35 has a really big engine on it. It's not like the	
18	F-22 that has two engines or the Tornados that have two	
19	engines. What does what mean? It means that the big	
20	engine tends to produce more low-frequency noise, and	
21	that affects structures.	
22	The Air Force has seen fit not to put those	
23	numbers in. They just make a factually incorrect	
24	statement and say, "Not to worry. We don't anticipate	
25	reaching 130 dB." So you have to draw your own	

Page 72			
1	conclusions about that, but it's factually incomplete,	No. 24	
2	in my view, and it makes it really hard to compare the	NO-31 cont'd	
3	alternatives. Again, how does that structural damage	NP-29	
4	compare here against Boise?	NP-29	
5	And then as a point of levity, the EIS says the	1	
6	F-35 is slightly noisier than other aircraft that it		
7	would be replacing. Of course, the F-35 is a close air		
8	support aircraft, among other things, and if you look at		
9	aircraft that fly the same regimen as the F-35, you find	NO-22	
10	out the F-35 is, in fact, four times noisier or at least	NO-22	
11	twice as noisy as the aircraft that it's going to		
12	replace.		
13	So when the Air Force says it's slightly noisier,		
14	that's not factually correct either, and it's kind of		
15	funny.		
16	When I first read that, I said, "Whoa, I can't]	
17	believe this." They face lawsuits around the United		
18	States because of noise, and you would think they would		
19	come to us on this EIS and give us some information and		
20	say, "Here are the facts." But there are no facts that		
21	I found in the EIS except some generalities about	NP-29	
22	averages, no other information, which makes it very		
23	dangerous for us under these MTRs because we don't know		
24	what the consequences are, and we cannot compare the		
25	impacts to us and to this alternative against the		

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F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 73 alternatives in Arizona or Idaho. We just can't do it. We don't have the information. 3 The whole purpose of the NEPA process is to let us make a decision, let us see it, let the Air Force see NP-29 it, and then make a reasonable decision based on information. So when they make a document that's full of fluff and does not have the numbers we need, well, it makes a mockery of the process. Thank you. I'm finished. 10 COLONEL GREGORY: Any more first-time 11 speakers? Any reattacks at this point? Well, we still 12 have about ten minutes. Ms. Harms and I are going to stay up here. I'm going to recess the hearing in a 13 minute, but if you change your mind and want to say anything else, put a comment on the record, we'll be 16 here. Just come on up, let me know. I will reconvene the hearing right here, and she will get your comments 18 down, and they will become part of the formal record. 19 Before I recess the hearing, let me say, I want to thank you for your time and interest in this F-35A Training Basing EIS proposal and remind you that tonight is not the end of your opportunity to participate in 23 this process. Again, comment sheets are available at

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the registration table. You can turn these sheets in

tonight, mail them, fax them later. All the addresses

Page 74 are on the sheets. The mailing address is there. The Air Force welcomes public comments in writing at any time during this environmental impact analysis process, and to receive timely consideration of your comments, please make sure you get them in by March the 14th, 2012. With that, I'm going to recess the hearing, not adjourn. Sir? 3014 HO 9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: When you say "get them in, " do they have to be postmarked or received by 11 then? 12 MS. TAYLOR: Postmarked. 13 COLONEL GREGORY: I'm going to recess. If vou want to make -- Mr. Ward. 15 MR. WARD: Just one. 16 COLONEL GREGORY: Okay. 3011 HO 17 MR. WARD: I'd like to wrap this up with maybe a not-too-amusing story. 13 years ago, 14 years ago, I was living in Carlsbad, and I found this Honda Gold Wing, and I went ahead and bought it, and I had to 21 go up to Albuquerque to the credit union to get the 22 money. 23 So I hopped on that sucker, and I was hooking it. For the people who know, between Carlsbad and Albuquerque, I made it in three and a half hours. I was

Page 75 there five minutes, hopped back on, was coming back between Vaughn and Roswell. I was going 80, 85, and all you do out there is count antelope. One of these fighters came over at 100, 150, 500 feet. I have no idea. I never saw him. But all of a sudden, it's like "Boom." It's like, "Am I still on the road?" But things like that can happen. Thank you. COLONEL GREGORY: Okay. Again, Ms. Harms and I are going to stay up here. If you change your mind and want to add a comment to the record before 8:00, come up and let me know. For now, we're in 11 recess. And Air Force reps, they'll be back there around the display boards to continue to discuss these 13 14 things with you. 15 (Recess taken from 7:55 p.m. to 7:58 p.m., 16 and a separate comment follows:) 17 COLONEL GREGORY: I'm reconvening the hearing. We're going to have an additional comment by someone who has already spoken. Your last name for our 20 record here? 3008 HO 21 MR. DUNCAN: Duncan, D-u-n-c-a-n. First 22 name's Jeff. 23 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. MR. DUNCAN: One of the comments I missed earlier was, by the Air Force Department of Defense's

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Page 76 own standards, they state that anything above 75 decibels is not suitable for residential areas. That's right in the EIS itself. It's important to keep in mind that the Lincoln National Forest has inholdings, meaning it's private land within the national forest that the Air Force flies over. Those inholdings are not only the communities such as Weed, Cloudcroft, Mayhill, Sacramento, Pinon and others, but anywhere from 40- to 80- to 300-acre ranches with residential structures on them where people live full-time. 11 12 So just to be clear, when the Air Force is viewing flying over the Lincoln National Forest, the 13 whole national forest is a residential area. It may not be a city of 25 or 50, but it will be a ranch here, a half mile away another ranch, 40 acres over here, the 60 acres my wife and I own with another 40 acres across the road that has a private residence on it. So this whole area should be considered residential; not just small towns that are in the mountains. Thank you. 21 COLONEL GREGORY: We're back in recess for 22 three minutes. 23 (Recess taken from 8:00 p.m. to 8:04 p.m.,

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COLONEL GREGORY: We have had all the

and closing remarks follow:)

24

25

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Page 78 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, ROSE C. HARMS, RPR, NM CCR #54, DO HEREBY 2 CERTIFY that on February 7, 2012, the Proceedings in the above matter were taken before me, that I did report in stenographic shorthand the Proceedings set forth herein, and the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcription to the best of my ability. I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am neither employed by nor related to nor contracted with (unless excepted by the rules) any of the parties or attorneys in this case, and that I have no interest whatsoever in the final disposition of this case in any court. 12 13 14 15 C. HARMS, RPR New Mexico CCR #54 16 License Expires: 12-31-12 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

Page 2

D.8.2 Transcript from the Holloman Air Force Base Public Hearing Held February 8, 2012, in Roswell, New Mexico

Page 1 PUBLIC HEARING U.S. AIR FORCE F-35A TRAINING BASING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT HOLLOMAN AIR FORCE BASE February 8, 2012 6:00 p.m. Eagles Lodge 3201 South Sunset Avenue Roswell, New Mexico REPORTED BY: Rose C. Harms, RPR, NM CCR #54 Peterson Reporting, Video & Litigation Services

Hearing Officer: 3 COLONEL RON GREGORY For the Air Force: 5 COLONEL ROBERT COLE 6 Mission Support Group Commander Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico MAJOR BRIAN MacFARLAND 8 Air Education and Training Command 9 MR. DAVID MARTIN 10 MS. KIM FORNOF 11 Also Present: 12 MS. LYNN DITTO Field Representative, Senator Bingaman 13 MS. JUDY STUBBS 14 Roswell City Council 15 MR. GLENN FULFER National Park Service 16 Community Speaker: 17 Ms. Judy Stubbs 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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25

APPEARANCES

Page 3 1 INDEX Page Opening Remarks by Colonel Gregory 3 Presentation by Colonel Cole 6 9 Presentation by Major MacFarland 5 Presentation by Mr. Martin 11 Public Comment By: 7 Ms. Stubbs 22 Reporter's Certificate 25 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25

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Page 20 community informed throughout the NEPA process. In addition to holding these public hearings, the Air Force has established a website to make it easy for you to find and review the environmental documents. The draft EIS is posted on the website, as well as additional information, and the fact sheets are available here tonight. You may also review a hard copy of the draft EIS by visiting one of six public libraries listed in the NEPA handout you received. Comments on the draft EIS may be provided orally 11 or in writing here tonight or by fax, e-mail, or mailing written comments to this address. All of this 14 information is provided on the comment form and on the 15 project website. 16 Now, at this time, I'd like to turn the presentation over to Colonel Gregory, who will 18 facilitate the oral comment session. Thank you for your 19 time. 20 COLONEL GREGORY: At this time, I would normally go over the procedures that I follow for oral comments, but I don't have anyone signed up to make any

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Again, as David mentioned, tonight is certainly

oral comments, so I'm not going to go through that

unless someone wants to make a comment.

24

25

25

talking.

GE-3

Page 22

Page 21 not the end of the opportunity to make comments about this. You can submit written comments tonight or at any time up to March the 14th of 2012. And, as he mentioned, there's no page limit on written comments, and the Air Force gives equal weight to both oral and 6 written comments. 7 Now, Ms. Harms and I are going to stay here at the table until the scheduled end time of 8:00 so that if somebody changes their mind or if somebody comes in late, we'll be here to take their comment. I'll recess the hearing, and we'll be available to take a comment if 11 someone would like to. 12 3015 HO MS. STUBBS: I've decided I would like to 13 14 make an oral comment. COLONEL GREGORY: I'll give you an 15 16 abbreviated rundown of the procedure, if that's all 17 right. 18 We allow three minutes to ensure that everyone who wants to speak has an opportunity to do so, but I 20 don't think that's going to be an issue tonight, but I have to use the same procedure for every hearing. 22 So, ma'am, why don't you come on up, and as you 23 begin your comment, would you state your name so Ms. Harms can identify in the record who is doing the

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MS. STUBBS: Where would you like me? Right up here? 3 COLONEL GREGORY: Right up here. The floor is yours. There you go, ma'am. MS. STUBBS: To make this all worthwhile for you, my name is Judy Stubbs, S-t-u-b-b-s. I have lived here in Roswell almost 32 years. I'm a member of the Roswell City Council, and I have been in that position -- I'm finishing up my 16th year. For approximately 14 of those years, I have served as either chair or a member of our Airport Committee, so I've been very closely related to the activities that have been going on at the RIAC for quite some time. 13 14 I first want to congratulate Holloman Air Force Base for being one of the four being considered for this Pilot Training Center, and I'm here to tell you that I

22 services. The runway certainly should be adequate for

auxiliary location for this project.

20

23 your needs, and the Air Center has welcomed aviation-

24 type training programs for -- I'm going to say over 60 $\,$

25 years now, so the community is used to this type of

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can't speak other than personally, but I do believe that

As most of you know who have toured the Air

Center, we certainly have above-adequate fire and rescue

the city of Roswell certainly would welcome being an

June 2012

Page 23 activity. 2 Something you may not know, and I don't know how necessary this would be, but we do have two pretty decent dormitory facilities at the Air Center. One is GE-3 not being used at all, and the other will be vacated within the next year, and they're quite adequate. 7 So again, personally I would welcome Roswell being a part of this nation's air defense program through being an auxiliary location. Thank you. 10 COLONEL GREGG: Thank you, Ms. Stubbs. 11 Maybe that was a comment being phoned in. I don't know. Anyone else? At this time, I'll recess the 12 hearing, and Ms. Harms and I will remain here to take a 13 14 comment. If anyone present changes their mind and wants to make a comment or if we have a late arrival and that 16 person wants to make a comment, we're here. 17 So at this time, before I recess the hearing, let me advise the three of you who are here, just so you 19 know -- we've mentioned this a couple of times, but I want to foot-stomp it -- this is not the end of your 20 opportunity to participate in this environmental review 22 process. Again, written comment sheets are available at the registration table. You can turn these in tonight, 23 fax or mail them later. The mailing address and I believe the fax number is printed on those sheets, and

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Page 24 the Air Force will welcome comments in writing at any time during this process, but please get those postmarked by March the 14th, 2012. At this time, this hearing is adjourned. (Recess taken from 6:34 p.m. to 8:00 p.m., and closing remarks follow:) COLONEL GREGORY: There being no more speakers, this hearing is adjourned. 9 (The hearing was adjourned at 8:00 p.m.) * * * * * 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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25

Page 1

D.8.3 Transcript from the Holloman Air Force Base Public Hearing Held February 9, 2012, in Alamogordo, New Mexico

Page 25 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, ROSE C. HARMS, RPR, NM CCR #54, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that on February 8, 2012, the Proceedings in the above matter were taken before me, that I did report in stenographic shorthand the Proceedings set forth herein, and the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcription to the best of my ability. 8 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am neither employed by nor related to nor contracted with (unless excepted by the rules) any of the parties or attorneys in this 10 case, and that I have no interest whatsoever in the 11 12 final disposition of this case in any court. 13 14 15 16 New Mexico CCR #54 License Expires: 12-31-12 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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PUBLIC HEARING
U.S. AIR FORCE F-35A TRAINING BASING

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT HOLLOMAN AIR FORCE BASE

February 9, 2012

6:00 p.m. Alamo Senior Center 2201 Puerto Rico Avenue Alamogordo, New Mexico

REPORTED BY: Rose C. Harms, RPR, NM CCR #54

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1	APPEARANCES	
2	Hearing Officer:	
3		
4	COLONEL RON GREGORY	
5	For the Air Force:	
6	COLONEL DAVID KRUMM Wing Commander	
7	Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico	
8	MAJOR BRIAN MacFARLAND Air Education and Training Command	
9	MR. DAVID MARTIN	
10	Also Present:	
11	MS. DARA PARKER Field Representative, Senator Bingaman	
12		
13	MS. ELIZABETH DRIGGERS Field Representative, Senator Udall	
14	MR. JOE MARTINEZ Field Representative, Senator Pearce	
15	MS. ANN FRENCH	
16	Planning & Zoning, City of Alamogordo	
17	Community Speakers:	
18	Ms. Dory Schuster Mr. Gary Schuster	
19	Mr. Howard Eberts	
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

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Page 22 the posters back there to talk to you about things. And, again, as you're speaking with them, if you decide that you'd like to make a comment on the record, just come up to this table and let me know. I'll be right 5 here. 6 Let me remind everyone, as David mentioned a couple of times, tonight is not the end of your opportunity to participate in the environmental review process. Again, written comment sheets are available at the registration table. You can turn these sheets in tonight or mail or fax them later, and the mailing 11 12 address and fax number and all that information is on the sheets. 13 14 The Air Force welcomes public comments in writing at any time during the Environmental Impact Analysis 16 process. To receive timely consideration for the final EIS, all comments must be submitted by March the 14th, 2012, and there is no page limit on written comments that you submit. The Air Force gives equal weight to 20 oral and written comments. 21 So at this time, what I'm going to do, there being no one signed up to speak yet, I'm going to recess 22 the hearing, and Ms. Harms and I will remain over here at this table. If you change your mind and would like

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to make a statement, just come up, let me know, and I'll

```
Page 23
     formally convene the hearing right over here at the
     table, and we'll take your statement on the record.
 3
            With that, the hearing is in recess.
                 (Recess taken from 6:30 p.m. to 6:32 p.m.,
 5
                 and a separate comment follows:)
                 COLONEL GREGORY: We're back on the record
     because Ms. Schuster has elected to make an oral comment
     on the record here tonight.
 9
            Ms. Schuster, I didn't go through the whole drill
     about how the oral comment session works, because I
11
     didn't have any speakers, but let me just say, what we
12
     do to make it fair for everyone -- it's not going to be
13
     an issue tonight, but each speaker has three minutes.
14
     We're not going to hold the cards, but I'll kind of
15
     watch, and if you need more time and no one else is in
16
     line to speak, I'll certainly give you more time.
     So with that, ma'am, the floor is yours.
                                                              3016 HO
18
                 MS. SCHUSTER: All right. Although we love
     and support our troops and our government, we have
                                                               GE-4
20
     opposition to what is taking place in our community.
21
            Being a native New Mexican and having been around
22
     the military for many years, most of my life, I have
23
     never seen occurring what is occurring now since the
24
     F-22 arrived.
```

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My concern surfaced when the sonic booms began

25

Pag	ge 24 -
sure	NP-43
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5	NP-35
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ry. I	
t be	
t is a	NP-13
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New -	EJ-2
speak =	j
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oout –	BI-5

Page 25 the lack of effect on animals when we have been BI-5 sonic-boomed already going on four years. We were lied to on the EA. Not the EIS. It was for the F-22. It NP-43 was a major project for NEPA. We were lied to there. We were told 20 to 25 sonic booms a month. We've had NO-25 NO-8 that many in a few minutes of time. I have seen people with blood gushing through their nose after sonic booms. I have heard bones pop. NO-6 I have seen pregnant women run in the Hastings bookstore. I have seen asthmatic children suffering AQ-1 because of what they feel. There are animals that have run wild that have not habituated, and per Air Force BI-5 BI-3 documents, in a few weeks they habituate. We have seen 13 environment change, birds who did not return. We have 14 seen pollutants be dumped on people in our backyards of 15 DO-13 chaff, aluminum chaff, or glass-covered whatever. 16 17 And overall, I'm just concerned that, again, that this is not an appropriate mission as is now because we AM-3 keep hearing that the airspace that will be used as 20 existing airspace -- what has failed to be told to the public is that a taking took place to accommodate the -22 that increased the airspace of the Air Force to LU-6 include the space over communities, including our homes, schools, hospital, and many communities. 24 25 So oftentimes we're told the sonic booms is NO-25

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Page 26
     coming from a hundred miles away or can be heard. No,
     it isn't. They're often over our house and close by.
                                                               NO-25
     So that's an issue that many people don't know but many
     do know now, and it's affecting many, and it will be
                                                               NO-6
     detrimental to the public health and well-being and our
                                                               SA-16
     safety also, having these trainers over our heads, our
                                                               SA-1
 7
     homes.
            And there's constitutional laws that are involved
     in this and amendments that are involved and that have
     not been addressed when all this has come into our
     communities.
11
                                                               NP-43
12
            Furthermore, there's other missions coming in
     here aside from this, where, like again, what's done
13
14
     here in New Mexico couldn't be done elsewhere. Those
     things have come in here with no EA, no EIS, but it's
16
     here, and it's against NEPA federal law.
17
                 COLONEL GREGORY: All right. Thank you,
     ma'am. We're back in recess.
19
                 (Recess taken from 6:37 p.m. to 6:42 p.m.,
20
                 and a separate comment follows:)
21
                 COLONEL GREGORY: I am reconvening the
     hearing because another gentleman has elected to make a
23
     statement. It's Mr. Schuster. Sir, the floor is yours.
            As I told the previous speaker, I didn't go
     through all of the ground rules, because there were no
```

Page 27 speakers, but to be fair to everyone, we limit the comments to three minutes, and I can be a little flexible. I don't see time as an issue tonight, but I'll let you know when you have got about a minute left. If you need to say more and no one else is in line to speak, I'll give you another three minutes. MR. SCHUSTER: I appreciate it. COLONEL GREGORY: The floor is yours. 3017 HO 9 MR. SCHUSTER: I thank you for the opportunity to be able to come here to speak this 11 evening. That the Air Force provided this opportunity, 12 I appreciate that. We do support the Air Force, and 13 myself, I am a veteran, actually. 14 One of the concerns I had in Mr. Martin's 15 presentation, he mentioned the noise, which I believe is 16 probably of real concern to most of the residents here 17 in this area. He mentioned the 65 DNL, which is an 18 average, and I told him, in my opinion, that's somewhat NO-4 19 misleading by the way they do that. 20 He said it does show in the document. I asked 21 him if they show the calculations of how they arrived at NO-28 22 that 65 DNL, that obviously there must be a min and a 23 max number and they averaged that out, but I didn't see 24 that. He said it is somewhere in that document. 25 But I told him that I think, really, the public

value is. I think we should really focus on -- and,
granted, the max is not a continuous thing. It's a --

D.8-49

Page 29 perhaps a sonic boom, it's a millisecond/second-type NO-13 thing, but that is more of a concern than the average NO-57 cont'd number. The other thing that I had a concern about, I understand there's an agreement between Holloman Air Force Base, White Sands Missile Range, and the Federal Aviation Administration. I didn't see any of that AM-15 documentation within the publication, and I believe that's supposed to be in there, that letter of agreement, because it calls out the specifics of a lot 11 of this use of airspace and how it is shared, because 12 basically the FAA does rule the skies. So I don't know 13 if that was an omission by intention or how it happened. 14 But, really, that's my comment. Again, I 15 appreciate the time. Thank you. 16 COLONEL GREGORY: We're back in recess. (Recess taken from 6:46 p.m. to 7:01 p.m., 18 and a separate comment follows:) 19 COLONEL GREGORY: The hearing is reconvened. Mr. Howard Eberts has approached us and decided he'd 21 like to put a statement on the record. I've told the 22 others that I didn't go through all the ground rules, 23 since no one was going to speak, but let me just say 24 that generally you have three minute, and I'll let you know when you're getting close to the end.

```
Page 30
                 MR. EBERTS: Okay. I can handle that.
 2
                 COLONEL GREGORY: The floor is yours.
                                                             3018 HO
 3
                 MR. EBERTS: Okay. Alamogordo is the ideal
     community for what you're looking for to have a training
     area. The weather, the climate, the people, all fall
 6
     right into exactly what you need to do it.
            80 percent of the community in Alamogordo are
     prior military, active military, or had family that was
     military and decided to stay here.
            I stand behind the military out there on the base
     100 percent. I put in 26-1/2 years in the military,
11
     retired as a chief here at Holloman. My second tour
13
     here, I decided this is where I was going to stay.
14
            That's about all I can say. If you need support,
     the town is behind you.
15
16
                 COLONEL GREGORY: All right, sir. Thank you
     for your comments, and, also, thank you for your
18
     service.
19
                 MR. EBERTS: Thank you, sir.
20
                 (Recess taken from 7:02 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.,
21
                 and closing remarks follow:)
22
                 COLONEL GREGORY: There being no more
     speakers, this hearing is adjourned.
24
             (The hearing was adjourned at 8:00 p.m.)
25
```

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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	I, ROSE C. HARMS, RPR, NM CCR #54, DO HEREBY
3	CERTIFY that on February 9, 2012, the Proceedings in the
4	above matter were taken before me, that I did report in
5	stenographic shorthand the Proceedings set forth herein,
6	and the foregoing pages are a true and correct
7	transcription to the best of my ability.
8	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am neither employed
9	by nor related to nor contracted with (unless excepted
10	by the rules) any of the parties or attorneys in this
11	case, and that I have no interest whatsoever in the
12	final disposition of this case in any court.
13	
14	O '11
15	ROSE C. HARMS, RPR
16	New Mexico CCR #54 License Expires: 12-31-12
17	hitemse hapires. 12-31-12
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D.8.4

February 13, 2012, in Litchfield Park, Arizona

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1	THE AIR FORCE PUBLIC HEARING AND COMMENT SESSION was
2	taken on February 13, 2012, commencing at 6:00 p.m. at the
3	Wigwam Resort, 300 Wigwam Blvd., Ballroom, Litchfield
4	Park, Arizona, before Deborah Cleary, RPR, CR, a Certified
5	Reporter in the State of Arizona.
6	
7	* * *
8	
9	APPEARANCES
10	
11	COLONEL RON GREGORY
12	United States Air Force Hearing Officer
13	
14	Colonel Robert Webb Vice Commander 56th Fighter Wing
15	Luke Air Force Base
16	Mr. David Martin
17	Civilian Contractor Air Education and Training Command
18	Project Manager for the F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Study
19	Italiffing Dabling Divilonmental Impact Staay
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	*****
25	

Page 4 PRESENTATION COL. GREGORY: Thank you, Mayor Schoaf. The time is now 6:00 p.m., and we'll go ahead and start the hearing. I want to thank you for coming out this evening to this public hearing for the F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement. Now that's a mouthful, so you'll often hear that referred to as simply an EIS. I'm Colonel Ron Gregory. I'll be your hearing officer tonight. My day job is as a judge on the Air Force court of criminal appeals back in DC, and I sometimes assist with hearings like this. I don't work for anybody at Luke Air Force Base or the Air Education and Training Command. And I'm not involved in any way 14 with the development of this draft EIS. And I don't act as a legal advisor to any of the representatives who are 16 working on this proposal. 17 My role here tonight is simply as an impartial moderator to ensure that we have a fair, orderly, and an impartial hearing where you have an opportunity to make comments on this proposal. Tonight's hearing is being transcribed verbatim by Ms. Deborah Cleary who's seated 22 over here by me. 23 We're here tonight because the Air Force is

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analyzing the environmental impacts of the proposed establishment of the pilot training center with F-35A

F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement

6

11

12

13

14

2.4

June 2012

Page 6

Page 5

1 training aircraft. The hearing is held in accordance with

the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act,

or NEPA, and regulations published by the Council on

4 Environmental Quality. The purpose of the hearing is to

5 receive your comments on the draft EIS.

But tonight is just one of several opportunities for public comment. Please keep in mind that the hearing is not a debate. It's not a vote on the draft EIS, and it's not just a question-and-answer session. The hearing is an opportunity for you to express your views, your concerns about the adequacy of the environmental analysis and the potential environmental impacts associated with the proposal as well as any issues related to the National Historic Preservation Act process. Comments about other

unrelated issues will not help the decision maker.

During the first part of the hearing, Air Force
representatives will provide you with information about
the project and the environmental impact analysis process.

We have with us tonight Colonel Webb, vice-commander from
Luke Air Force Base, and from the Air Force's Air
Education and Training Command, Mr. David Martin, an Air
Force contractor. I'd also like to welcome the several
public officials who have joined us here tonight.

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for your comments if you would like to make a statement on

After the presentations, then I'll open the floor

1 the record here tonight. Your comments will provide the

2 decision makers the benefit of your knowledge of the local

3 area and your concerns about the environmental analysis.

4 And with that, I'll turn the presentation over to Colonel

5 Webb from Luke. Colonel.

6 COL. WEBB: Good evening and thank you for coming

out tonight. My name is Colonel Robert Webb, the

8 vice-commander of the 56th Fighter Wing. And on behalf of

9 the United States Air Force and Luke Air Force Base, I

would like to welcome you to the public hearings for the

11 F-35A training base environmental impact statement or EIS.

12 Hopefully you had the opportunity to talk with

13 the many knowledgeable experts staffing the poster

14 stations and to learn more about the Air Force's proposal

15 which is to establish a pilot training center with F-35A

16 training aircraft at one or more Air Force or Air National

17 Guard installations. Four alternative locations are being

8 evaluated in the EIS, one being Luke Air Force Base.

19 Let's begin by reviewing the agenda for tonight.

20 I will give a brief overview of Luke Air Force Base, and

21 then we'll discuss the F-35A training program and

22 aircraft. Next Mr. David Martin will provide an overview

23 of the environmental impact statement, or correction,

24 environmental impact analysis process and the results

25 specific to Luke Air Force Base.

Page 7

The last item on the agenda is the most

important. The public comment session is your opportunity

to provide information and make statements for the record.

This is one of four public hearings the Air Force is

holding in our region. The Air Force is holding a total

of 13 public hearings to ensure the public has had ample

opportunity to the learn about and comment on the F-35

training base EIS.

Before we tell you about the comprehensive EIS

process and analysis, I would like to first provide an

Luke Air Force Base is home to the 56th Fighter
Wing, the largest fighter wing in the Air Force with 160
aircraft, 25 squadrons and four tenant units. As the only
active duty F-16 training wing in the Air Force, more than
50 percent of the Air Force's fighter pilots and 90
percent of its F-16 pilots are trained right here at Luke.
F-16 combat pilots currently in Afghanistan were all
trained at Luke. The number of F-16s at Luke has been
steadily decreasing due to force reduction over the past
decade.

Home to generations of fighter aircraft since

overview of Luke Air Force Base, our mission and our

operations.

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base population of 5,900 active duty military personnel

they first arrived in 1941, Luke Air Force Base now has a

Page 8 and Department of Defense civilian employees along with 15,000 family members. More than 400 pilot graduate from Luke annually and proceed to combat assignments throughout the world. Luke Air Force Base covers more than 3,000 acres of land in an average elevation of 1,085 feet. In addition to the air space around the base, we also train at Luke Air Force Base auxiliary field, known as Aux-1. And we additionally train at the Gila Bend Air Force auxiliary field just to the south right there, (indicating). 11 Integral to the pilot training mission at Luke is 12 the 1.8 million-acre Barry M. Goldwater range. The range 14 includes air space where pilots practice air-to-air maneuvers and against simulated battlefield targets on the 16 ground. The size of the complex allows for simultaneous training activities on nine air-to-ground and two air-to-air ranges. More than 50 aircrews and aircraft can 19 simultaneously operate on the range while performing many 20 independent training missions. Active duty, guard, and 21 reserve combat pilots from the U.S. Air Force, Army, Navy 22 and Marine Corps train on this range. 23 Because of the many attributes that Luke Air

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training locations under consideration for the siting of

Force Base offers, our installation is one of four

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an F-35A pilot training center and training aircraft.

2 I will now discuss the F-35A training program and

3 aircraft. The F-35 aircraft is an outcome of the Joint

Strike Fighter Program which is a joint multinational

program among the United States Air Force, Navy, Marine

Corps and nine international partners. The joint strike

fighter program merged several independent government

8 projects working on next generation strike aircraft. The

goal was to build an affordable universal fighter that

would meet the needs of all participants.

Three versions of the strike fighter were developed to meet the varying operational needs of the military services. The Air Force version of the aircraft is the F-35A which is the conventional takeoff and landing model of the F-35. The F-35 is absolutely essential to the nation's security strategy. It is the newest and most advanced fifth generation fighter and is needed to deter and defeat 21st century threats. The F-35 is intended to be the Air Force's premier strike aircraft through the first half of the 21st century offering low visibility, close and long-range air-to-ground and air-to-air capability, enhanced precision strike capability and sophisticated electronic warfare capabilities. The multifaceted F-35A would fulfill a wide range of roles and missions currently conducted by F-16 and A-10 aircraft and

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1 would complement the F-22.

Page 9

2 The F-35 is more effective than current fighter

3 aircraft in air-to-ground combat, air-to-air combat,

4 reconnaissance and suppression of enemy area defenses. It

has better range and will require less logistical support.

6 Features of the aircraft making it a cutting edge aircraft

7 are low visibility, supportability, and weapons. The

8 F-35A is designed to cost 40 to 50 percent less to operate

and support than comparable current general generation

10 aircraft. The Air Force has evaluated the potential

11 environmental impacts associated with the proposed basing

12 of F-35A training aircraft.

13 For more information about the environmental

14 impact analysis process and findings, I will now turn the

5 presentation over to Mr. David Martin. Thank you.

MR. MARTIN: Thank you, Colonel Webb. My name is

7 David Martin. And I'm a contractor with the Air Education

and Training Command and a project manager for the F-35A

19 Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement.

20 The draft EIS was prepared by the Air Force to

21 comply with the National Environmental Policy Act, or

22 better known as NEPA. The draft EIS is an important part

23 of the Air Force's overall commitment to environmental

24 stewardship.

The EIS was initiated back in December of 2009.

Page 12

Page 11

An early part of the EIS process included 23 public

- scoping meetings, five of which were held here around the
- 3 Luke Air Force Base area. And this enabled the Air Force
- to provide input on the proposed action, the alternatives
- 5 under consideration, and environmental resources and
- issues to be analyzed.
- Government agencies, elected officials, tribes,
- s community and environmental organizations and individuals
- 9 were encouraged to submit comments at the scoping meetings
 - or to provide written comments throughout the scoping
- 11 period. The comments received were considered in
- ______
- 12 preparation of this draft EIS.
- 13 The draft EIS is a result of an extensive
 - analysis and consideration of public and agency comments
- .5 received during the scoping period. It is a complex and
- 16 comprehensive document, so I'd like to provide an overview
- 17 of what is included in our findings.
- 18 First of all, when we conduct an EIS, we have to
- 19 select a no action alternative and a proposed action to be
- 20 analyzed. NEPA requires federal agencies to consider a no
- 21 action alternative when preparing an EIS. Under the no
- 22 action alternative, the establishment of a pilot training
 - 3 center and basing of F-35A aircraft would not take place.
- 24 At each alternative location, the no action
- 25 alternative constitutes what we call a baseline or current

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- 1 conditions and allows the decision makers to compare the
- 2 magnitude of the effects of the no action to the effects
- 3 of the proposed action.
- 4 As mentioned before, the proposed action is to
- 5 establish a pilot training center with an associated
- basing of F-35A training aircraft at one or more Air Force
- 7 or Air National Guard installations.
- 8 Installations with adequate military air space
- 9 and facilities are needed to accommodate the training of
- O F-35A pilots and personnel. Training would include the
- 11 use of flare countermeasures and supersonic flight as
- 12 permitted in authorized air space. Furthermore, training
- 13 would also include the use of munitions at approved
- 14 military ranges and the use of auxiliary air fields to
- 5 diversify this training.
- The Air Force looked at four basing locations in
- 17 the draft EIS. Each location for F-35A is an alternative
- for the purpose of this EIS. The alternate locations that
- 19 we looked at were Boise Air National Guard Station in
- 20 Idaho, Holloman Air Force in New Mexico, Luke Air Force
- 21 Base here in Arizona, and Tucson International Airport Air
- 22 Guard Station in Arizona as well.
- 23 The Air Force evaluated the potential
- 24 environmental impacts of establishing the F-35A pilot
- 25 training center and aircraft training squadrons at each of

F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement

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Page 13 these alternate locations. The Air Force analyzed the impacts of basing in increments of 24 aircraft from 24 to 144 aircraft, depending on the capacity of the candidate installations. 5 Currently, the Air Force's preferred alternative is to base a pilot training center with 72 F-35A training aircraft at Luke Air Force Base. However, no decision regarding the proposal will be made until after the environmental impact analysis process is complete. 10 The environmental analysis process was conducted 11 using six basing scenarios. As part of the analysis, the Air Force assessed basing up to 144 F-35A training aircraft at Luke Air Force Base. As shown in this 13 14 aircraft basing scenario table, the scenarios reflect the 15 programmed retirement or relocation of some F-16s with 26 remaining at Luke. Again, this information is provided in all the printed materials that you gathered here tonight. 18 F-35A flight training activities would take place at Luke in existing air space only and ranges. No 20 modifications to air space would be required, and proposed 21 training activities would be consistent with existing air 22 space operations that we see today. 23 The Air Force analyzed potential environmental

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construction or renovation of facilities, and new training

consequences associated with changes in personnel,

Page 14 activities in existing military air space and ranges and at Aux-1 and Gila Bend Air Force auxiliary airfields. 3 Specific categories evaluated in the environmental impact statement are listed up here. And you can find the extensive details of the evaluation in the draft EIS and in the fact summary sheet distributed tonight. Public comments received during the scoping period conducted in 2010 mainly concentrated on potential noise impacts on the community. So with that said, I'd 10 like to spend a little bit of time on talking about the 11 impacts of noise. 12 What you see up here is a noise contour map for 13 areas surrounding Luke Air Force Base for baseline 14 conditions and for each aircraft basing scenario. 15 The blue lining, the blue line up here, indicates 16 baseline or current conditions of 168 F-16 aircraft. And these subsequent contours represent the six aircraft 18 basing scenarios. The noise contours reflect the 65 19 decibel day/night average sound level, or DNL, which is a 20 sound level averaged over a 24-hour period with an 21 adjustment for late night noises. 65 decibel DNL is a 22 threshold above which certain land uses such as 23 residential are not considered compatible by the Federal Aviation Administration, or FAA, or the Air Force unless

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measures are taken to ensure that interior noise level

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1 goals are met.

The Air Force analyzed the noise effects

associate with training activities on human annoyance and

health, physical effects on structures, and biological,

5 land use, socioeconomic and cultural resources.

Sound levels were analyzed for noise sensitive

locations which include local schools, hospitals, and

places of worship. The methodology used to assess and

9 quantify noise impacts is more thoroughly described in the

draft EIS, and we encourage you to review this document in

11 $\,$ much greater detail as we go through the process here.

12 The analysis indicates that under baseline

conditions, approximately 1,600 off-installation residents

are affected by noise levels greater than 65 decibel DNL.

Under the first three basing scenarios, including the

l6 preferred alternative, the number of affected

17 off-installation residents within the 65 decibel DNL or

greater noise contour would decrease from baseline

conditions. Under the remaining scenarios, L4 through L6,

the number would increase by approximately 600 to 3,700

21 people.

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The number of off-installation persons exposed to

outdoor noise levels greater than 80 decibel DNL would

range from an existing 2 persons to up to 14 persons under

scenario L6. Exposure to noise levels above 80 decibel

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1 DNL for eight hours per day over 40 years could increase

2 the risk of partial hearing loss.

3 A small percentage of F-35A aircraft operations

4 would occur after 10:00 p.m. As a result, the likelihood

5 of sleep disturbance, averaged among the locations

6 studied, would decrease under all the scenarios at all of

7 the locations studied. Again, I encourage you all to

8 review the EIS and the fact sheets you received tonight

9 for more information.

10 Okay. As shown previously, this is a map of the

11 training airspace and ranges regularly used here at Luke

12 Air Force Base. F-35A training operations would increase

3 subsonic noise levels on the areas under training

14 airspace. Noise created by aircraft exceeding the speed

of sound, or going supersonic, would decrease or remain

16 the same under airspace currently approved for supersonic

17 training. Noise impacts from live and inert munitions

18 training at the Barry M. Goldwater would not result in any

19 significant noise impact increases.

20 The Air Force would continue to adhere to all

21 existing FAA and local avoidance measures and procedures,

22 flight restrictions, and scheduling adjustments.

23 The EIS also provides detailed noise analysis for

4 locations that would serve as auxiliary air fields for

25 training aircraft. The noise contour maps shown here

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1 reflect the potential noise impacts from F-35A training

2 aircraft on areas surrounding Gila Bend Air Force

3 Auxiliary Air Field and what is known as Aux-1.

4 The number of residents affected by noise levels

5 greater than 65 decibel DNL in the vicinity of Gila Bend

6 Air Force Auxiliary Air Field would increase from 3 to up

7 to 15 persons under scenario L2 through L6. For Aux-1,

8 the number of residents affected by noise levels would

So up to this point, the Air Force has completed the first three steps of the NEPA process. We are now at the fourth step, providing the draft EIS for public review and comment. This phase is an essential part of the NEPA process because it allows you, the public, to review the draft EIS and comment on the Air Force's analysis of potential environmental effects. We encourage you to provide your input here tonight or by March 14th so that it can be considered for incorporation in the final EIS.

decrease under all basing scenarios except scenario L6.

The Air Force is committed to keeping the community informed throughout the NEPA process. In addition to holding these public hearings, the Air Force has established a website to make it easier for you to find and review the environmental documents that were prepared. The draft EIS is posted on the website as well as additional information.

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Page 18 You may also review a hard copy of the draft EIS by visiting one of the seven public libraries listed in the NEPA handout you received tonight. Comments on the draft EIS may be provided orally or in writing here tonight or by fax, e-mail, or mailing written comments to this address shown up here. All of this information is provided on the comment form and on the project website. Now at this time, I'd like to turn the presentation over that to Col. Gregory who will facilitate 10 the oral comment session. Thank you for your time. 11 COL. GREGORY: Thanks, David. We'll now move 12 into the public comment part of the hearing. And here's 13 how that works. I used these speaker signup cards that 14 those of you who want to speak filled out to call folks up to the mic. If you'd like to make an oral comment here 16 tonight and haven't yet filled out one of these white cards, just raise your hand and one of the reps will get 18 you one. 19 The hearing procedure gives three minutes to each 20 speaker. When I call your name, please come on up to the 21 mic. And Allison, she'll be seated right over there in 22 the middle, she'll start the clock when you're ready. And 23 to help Ms. Cleary, who's transcribing our hearing, please 24 begin by stating your name and the name of the

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organization, if any, that you're representing. It'll

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also help her out if you would spell your last name for

- her. And in that regard, let me just ask for your
- 3 indulgence and forgiveness if I mispronounce your name.
- I'll do my best as I read them off the cards.
- Please don't provide any personal information
- like your home address or your telephone number. Again,
- your comments are being recorded verbatim. They'll be
- 8 used to develop a transcript and permanent record of this
- 9 meeting and will be published in the final EIS. Your name
- 0 will be included along with your comments and will be in
- 11 $\,$ the final EIS. But of course your personal home address
- 2 and phone number will not be published in the EIS.
- Of course you don't have to speak for the full
 - three minutes. And to help you keep track of the time,
- 15 Allison will show you a yellow card when you have about 30
- 16 seconds left. Real high tech, but they work. And a red
- 17 card when your time is up. So when you see the red card,
- 18 please go ahead and conclude your remarks so I can move on
- 19 to the next speak. And I have a lot of folks signed up to
- 20 speak. So if you'd please adhere to Allison's directions,
- 21 I think we can get everybody in tonight.
 - You don't need to yield any remaining time to
 - anybody else. I'll just move on to the next speaker when
 - you're finished. Also it just takes too much time to set
- 5 up any individual electronic presentations, but those can

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- 1 certainly be submitted as written comments later if you'd
- 2 like to do that.
- Now tonight's hearing is set to end at about 8:00
- 4 p.m. I don't think this will happen, but if everyone who
- 5 signed up to speak has had a chance to do so before that
- time, I'll ask if any speaker would like another three
- 7 minutes to add to their remarks. And if you want to do
- 8 that, if time allows, just let me know at that time and
- 9 I'll put another three minutes back on the clock for you.
- 10 Let me just say that if we do finish the speakers
- ll before 8:00 and based on the number that signed up, I
- 12 don't think we will, but if we do, Ms. Cleary and I will
- 13 remain over here at the table. And if you decide to make
- 14 a statement, just come on up. I'll turn the machine back
- 15 on and we'll record your statement verbatim for the record
- 16 while we're in recess.
- 17 If you want to add something to your oral
 - comments after the hearing or if you'd rather not speak
- 19 here tonight, you can submit written comments at any time
- 20 up to and including March the 14th, 2012. There's no page
- 21 limit on written comments, and the Air Force gives equal
- 22 weight to oral and written comments. Both become part of
- 23 the official record and are included in the final EIS.
- Now just a few reminders before we get started
- 25 with our speakers. First, please limit your comments to

> I Tn		
F-35A Train		Page 21
7	1	the draft EIS that is the purpose of this public comment
ain	2	period. Second, if you agree with the previous speaker on
اچّا	3	something, you can certainly say that, but you don't need
y Basing Environmer	4	to use up your time repeating it since it's already in the
Basing	5	record.
g E	6	Finally, as I mentioned earlier, this isn't a Q&A
Environmental Impact	7	session. It's an opportunity for you to put on the record
Pon	8	your views and your concerns about the proposal that you
me	9	want the decision makers to consider. Questions that you
	10	pose during your comments will become part of the record
	11	and will be considered. After we're done with the formal
pac	12	part of this, Air Force reps will, I think, still be
tal Impact S	13	available by those boards in the back to continue
tatement	14	discussing things with you.
Statement	15	And with that, let's get on to our speakers.
i i	16	First, Mr. Ryan Owens from Governor Brewer's office. Mr.
	17	Owens.
	18	PUBLIC COMMENTS
!	19	RYAN OWENS: Thank you. My name is Ryan Owens,
	20	O-w-e-n-s, and I am the governor's policy advisor for
-	21	military affairs.
	22	Good evening. On behalf of Governor Jan Brewer
	23	and all the citizens of this great state, welcome to
	24	Arizona. Thank you for allowing me to open these public
	25	comment hearings to discuss Luke Air Force Base, the

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Page 22 preferred alternative training base for the F-35A, Lightning II. The F-35 basing decision process has been long and comprehensive. And a decision of this magnitude, no doubt, deserves that kind of scrutiny. It should be a process that ensures every aspect gets analyzed, every question answered, so that the final decision is the correct one. The Department of Defense and the Air Force deserve high praise and appreciation for the work they've done during this process, and I thank them for that. Thank you. The draft environmental impact statement's filled 11 with charts, matrixes and graphs, and the message it delivers is clear. Luke Air Force Base is far and away the best base to house the F-35. Luke best fulfills the expected mission and responsibilities of an F-35 training base taking into consideration environmental, operational, $|_{GE-3}$ technical and other factors. The evidence is indisputable especially when comparing costs for construction, noise contours and effects, along with airspace and range capacity. But this committee and the Air Force know all these numbers and statistics already. They are readily available in the statement and speak for themselves. 23 What I'm here to tell you today, and what the people who speak after me are here to tell you today, is

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that Arizona wants the F-35 here at Luke. We are a very

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Page 23

1 proud state.

Tomorrow, February 14th, Arizona celebrates its

3 centennial anniversary. Much has changed in the 100 years

since we've been a state, including the 1941 construction

of Luke Airfield named after the Lieutenant Frank Luke,

Jr., a Phoenix native who was a World War I triple ace and

7 the first aviator to be award the Medal of Honor. For 71

8 years, Luke has been a vital asset to our economy. But

9 most importantly, Luke has provided Arizona a sense of

pride knowing that some of the men and women who protect

our freedom and the best fighter pilots in the world are

.2 trained in our state.

We're also proud of their spouses who join our community in groups and organizations. We're proud of their children who attend our public school. We take pride in knowing that countless veterans from Luke retire in Arizona. And we welcome every single one of them.

And now as we celebrate our centennial year, we look to the future. And that future includes the F-35 at Luke Air Force Base. By selecting Luke Air Force Base for the bed down of the F-35, the Air Force is placing its servicemen and women and this mission in the arms of a caring, appreciative and welcoming state, a state

24 committed to protecting those airmen, their families, and

their mission as they continue to defend this great

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1 country.

I thank you for this time and this process.

3 COL. GREGORY: Thank you for your comments.

4 Mayor Scruggs.

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5 MAYOR ELAINE SCRUGGS: Thank you. Good evening.

I'm Elaine Scruggs, S-c-r-u-g-g-s, mayor of the City of

7 Glendale which is the proud home of Luke Air Force Base.

8 One of the top priorities established by the

9 Glendale City Council year after year is our commitment to

be part of creating, partnering, and assisting in efforts

11 designed to protect Luke Air Force Base's ability to

12 perform its mission. Since annexing the base into our

13 city in 1995, Glendale has worked with other cities, the

14 county government, state officials, and our congressional

15 delegation in developing initiatives and state laws to

16 protect and sustain Luke's vital training mission.

17 Over the last decade, we have worked in

8 partnership at all levels of government to lay the ground

19 work to strategically position the base for the

20 opportunity that lies ahead with the F-35 mission. That

21 partnership has been integral to the Arizona state

22 legislature's passage of nine separate statutes ensuring

23 that managed growth and responsible land use planning

24 occurs near Luke Air Force Base and all of the state's

25 military airports. As a result of these innovative

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Page 25 statutes, Arizona is now considered a national model in managing growth and compatible land uses in the vicinities of military airports. Only Arizona has gone to the point of adopting state laws specifically designed to prevent future encroachment around its military bases, thus providing installations such as Luke Air Force Base the ability to take on new missions like the F-35. 9 These landmark actions ensure that properties are managed within the air installation compatible use zone to 11 meet the needs of both Luke Air Force Base and the local communities while protecting these parcels from 12 incompatible development. They underscore the commitment 13 14 of the community surrounding Luke to the long-term viability of the base and its current and future missions. Additionally, the base's community initiatives team works closely with state and local governments to identify 18 potential issues and develop mutually beneficial solutions 19 before those issues become problematic for either the 20 community or the base. 21 For the purpose of this meeting tonight, I would like to highlight two specific actions undertaken by the 22 cities of Glendale and Goodyear to protect Luke's vital mission. However, I will be submitting a formal letter

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for the record which will highlight additional actions and

Page 26 laws passed in support of the military, the state's military. I think I can't tell you those two things. 3 But real quickly, they have to do with the City of Glendale annexing 6,549 acres of land adjacent to Luke Air Force Base with full support of the property owners who asked that this be done. And these annexations have protected nearly 63 percent of Glendale's municipal planning area in the 65 DB noise contours. 9 In 2003, the City of Goodyear obligated \$3.5 million, which at that time accounted for 10 percent of 11 their annual operating and maintenance budget, to buy land 12 that by zoning could have been developed by private 13 interests and thereby encroach upon the mission of Luke 14 Air Force Base. I'll skip the rest of this and I'll just say, in 15 16 closing, you will learn throughout your meeting this week that Luke is perfectly positioned to receive the F-35 GE-3 training mission and continue its decades-long role as the Air Force's premier training base for our nation's fighter 20 pilots. 21 COL. GREGORY: Mayor Scruggs, I'm sorry you had 22 to hustle up there, but I appreciate you following the 23 directions of the cards. Mayor Schoaf. The floor is 24 yours. 3021 LU

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MAYOR THOMAS SCHOAF: Thank you. Once again, I

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Page 27 want to welcome you. My name is Tom Schoaf. It's S-c-h-o-a-f. I'm the mayor of the city of Litchfield Park. That's for all of you who don't know me and when I

welcomed you the first time. Thanks again for coming to our city. Thank you to Mayor Scruggs. And I also want to

thank each and every one of the elected officials that's

here from the state, from the county, and from the other

cities and municipalities.

9 It has been truly a long effort by all of the cities and towns, by the county, by the state government 11 to show our support for Luke, to take actions at each level that's necessary to protect the mission at Luke. And that's why we have the opportunity to be here tonight 13 and to talk about being the preferred alternative for the

14

F-35 training mission. So thank you to everyone who is

here and has worked so hard and for so long to protect the 16

mission of Luke.

Litchfield Park supports the mission at Luke as 18 it exists today and will support the mission at Luke as

20 it's going to grow in the future with the F-35.

Litchfield Park has had a long history that it's shared

with Luke Air Force Base. I came here in 1980, which is a

23 fairly -- a new thing. It's not 100 years ago. It's not

when Paul Litchfield first came here, and it's not when

Luke Air Force first came here.

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Page 28 But in 1980, we were still much the same as we were originally when Paul Litchfield came and originally when Luke Air Force Base was established in 1940. Luke Air Force Base and Litchfield Park were neighboring outposts, and there was very little between us and our neighboring cities other than farm land and in some cases scrub brush. So we have shared history with Luke. We supported the state legislation which protects Luke today. We want to again thank the state legislature for the decisive actions that they took. Litchfield Park 11 supports managed growth. Managed growth is what has allowed Luke Air Force Base's mission to be protected. 12 13 And yet it has allowed the cities and towns and the local 14 landowners to sell their land, to develop their land, and to see economic opportunities here expand for our residents even though -- even though that has protected the mission of Luke Air Force Base. So managed growth and the concept of managed growth is very rewarding. 19 Litchfield Park works closely with Luke community 20 initiatives team. The Luke community initiatives team is 21 something that was a forward-thinking concept on the part 22 of Luke Air Force Base and the community leaders and has allowed us as communities to participate in the decision

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at Luke. Litchfield Park will ensure -- will work to

making processes that are necessary to protect the mission

F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 29 ensure the adequate steps are taken if there is any necessity for them if there is a noise issue within what we find as we go forward. Comment Response Document - Public Hearing Transcripts In closing, I want to say that the training mission fits Luke Air Force Base. The training mission will mean few, if any, changes for our community. The training mission will bring jobs to our community. And to coin a phrase or borrow a phrase from Mayor Meck in Buckeye, the West Valley is open for business and we're open for those jobs. The training mission will help stabilize our economy. 11 For all of these reasons, we want to join with 12 the city of Glendale and the other cities and towns on the 13 14 west side and support Luke Air Force Base, support the adding or the changing of its mission to training F-35 15 fighter pilots. Thank you for coming tonight. And thankyou for the Air Force for considering Luke. 18 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Next, we have Mayor Mike Levault of Youngtown. 3022 LU 20 MAYOR MICHAEL LEVAULT: Wow, what an awesome turnout tonight. As an elected official, I was admonished to be mercifully brief. So I promise I will. 22 23 I can't imagine a base better suited or better located than Luke to be the home for the F-35. When you GE-3

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look at its proximity to the Phoenix megaplex which

Page 30 includes all the great things like the transportation system that we've worked so hard to build and all of the access to the amenities for the servicemen and women who work at the base and then when you couple that with the GE-3 cont'o BMG bombing range which is really a world treasure, something that can't be replicated anywhere else in the world, I just have to stand up here and give my full-throated support to Luke and its mission to land the F-35 schoolhouse. 10 I know there's overwhelming support for that in 11 my community, including the unanimous support of my council. And I thank everyone for being here tonight. 12 13 And I guess I could finish up by saying, What's not to 14 like? 15 Thank you. 16 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Next Representative Steve Montenegro representing District 12, District 12. The floor is yours. 3023 LU 19 REP. STEVE MONTENEGRO: Good evening, everyone. 20 And this evening I am very honored to stand up here and 21 just briefly show our support. 22 Let me just first say that on behalf of myself, 23 my name is Steve Montenegro, as mentioned, State GE-3 24 Representative, District 12; also Jerry Weiers, he is here. He is a state representative here in Arizona,

Page 31 District 12 for Luke Air Force Base; and John Nelson, Senator, together we are in 100 percent agreement in support that we will continue to fight and do whatever is possible and necessary to help Luke, not only to help but to make sure that it is strong and it continues to be that bedrock in this community. Let me tell you that the support, the elected support, from around this area, the West Valley, and the community is second to none. The amount of support that we as legislators receive from the community on behalf of 11 Luke as to how vital it is is second to none. I reiterate that. And so I wanted -- we want to make sure that the 12 13 community knows and those that are decision makers that 14 they understand that we want to make sure that Luke Air Force stays strong, whatever is necessary and within the 16 land uses, and that Luke Air Force continues, that we do our part so that they will continue to be always able as 18 their motto or as their words, "Able, Willing, and Ready" 19 to send support staff all over the world. 20 And with that, as I said, on behalf of the three 21 legislators, we want to show our uncompromising support for Luke and the future here in the West Valley. 23 Thank you. COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Ms. Maria Baier,

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Arizona State Land Commissioner. Ms. Baier. The floor is

Page 32 yours. 3024 LU MS. MARIA BAIER: Good evening. For the record, my name is Marie Baier. I serve as the Arizona State Land Commissioner. And as such I am the landlord to 9.3 million acres across the state of Arizona, including lands adjacent to and near Luke Air Force Base, Aux-1, the Goldwater range and many training routes as well as most of the other military installations across the state of Arizona. In total, we manage about 13 percent of the surface area of the state of Arizona. So we're a 11 significant player in land use issues across the state and 12 certainly in this vicinity. 13 And I just wanted to say that we support the 14 selection of Luke as the site for the F-35 and vow to be a good neighbor and a supportive neighbor in working with 16 the base in the various jurisdictions to ensure that state trust lands are used for projects that would be compatible 18 with the proposed new mission. So we are big supporters GE-3 19 of the F-35 coming here and look forward to working with all of you to that end. 21 Thank you very much. 22 COL. GREGORY: Ms. Lisa Atkins, chair of the 23 Governor's Military Affairs Commission. Ms. Atkins. Mind 24 the cords. 3025 LU 25 MS. LISA ATKINS: Good evening, for the record,

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Page 33 my name is Lisa Atkins, A-t, as in Tom, k-i-n-s. And I am the co-chair of the governor's military affairs commission which was created in statute and in executive order both as a group of interests that balances private property rights with the installation and mission needs of all the military installations across the state. And I'm very pleased to be here tonight. And we welcome you to Litchfield Park. 9 Almost two years ago today, actually it was on February 19th, 2010, I was one of two people, two civilians, invited by the AETC commander to fly to Eglin 11 Air Force Base to not only be able to see the F-35 but to actually hear it in operation in takeoff and landing. I 13 14 did so. I was right close to the runway. And in a pattern that included an F-16, an F 18, and an F-35, there 15 was a barely perceptible difference in the noise. And I 16 wanted to be sure and not only share that with many of you 18 with whom I've worked over the years on all sorts of military issues but certainly in support of Luke Air Force 20 Base, but, also for the record, that there was a barely 21 noticeable difference in the noise. 22 Also I'd like to thank Mayor Scruggs and Mayor 23 Schoaf for the comments that they made about the compatibility standards that are in state statutes.

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Arizona leads the nation in its efforts to establish

Page 34 compatibility standards between private property rights and allowing all of our installations in Arizona to fulfill their missions. We have worked very carefully to allow those installations to not only protect their missions but to enhance the missions that they may have in the future. And I'd like to remind everyone one more time that the lines in the state statutes are not fabricated. They were not based off of a model that was run. But they are in fact actual noise levels that the community 11 accepted based on the F-15 and that those -- that noise, those lines in our state statutes will certainly 12 NO-9 13 accommodate all but two very small sections of the lines 14 that you all have seen on the maps for the F-35. 15 Again, thank you very much for including Litchfield Park and the three other sites in Arizona in your meetings. And thank you all for taking the time to 18 attend tonight. It's a great statement on behalf of the 19 community that you're all here. 20 Thank you. 21 COL. GREGORY: Mr. John Regni of the Arizona 22 Commerce Authority. 3026 LU 23 MR. JOHN REGNI: Lieutenant General John F. 24 Regni, R-e-g-n-i, retired. Good evening, everyone. I'd first like to thank Mr. Martin and his team for the

Page 35 comprehensive study that they built in the EIS. It's a very lengthy document. I would like to make three comments on noise to try to clarify some of the points in the EIS, and I would have hoped that some of these would have been in the executive summary which is what the majority of the people will read. The first, and you saw the baseline of 168 F-16s, and at that baseline there was a -- of present flying groups, there was over 1,600 homes that are affected by the noise decibel levels above 65. There was a time not 11 in our recent past that Luke had 210 F-16s. And the 168 NO-9 number was something that was used for the black. Well, in all likelihood, the noise generated by 210 F-16s was 13 14 louder than the 168 baseline, and it would be a likely assumption that more than 1,600 homes would be affected by noise at that level of F-16s assigned to Luke. 16 17 Second, the preferred alternative that the Air Force is looking at with 72 F-35s and 26 F-16s, the 98 aircraft, it's important that we foot stomp the point that 20 Mr. Martin made, that at that level of operation that less homes would be affected by the F-35 and F-16 combination than are affected by the baseline. He had minus or 600 23 less. 24 The third point is of the chart he put up on the NO-10

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contour lines. Mr. Martin pointed out the blue line, and

Page 36 what that meant and the others from level 1 through level 6 depending upon the size of aircraft assigned. One line that was not pointed out was the black line. And that's the one in the outside of all of that, and that's the line that Lisa was referring to and the line that the state has used, that Mayor Scruggs talked about all the statutes to make sure of the compatible use and any construction within that line. That's the line that I had to sign my name by when I bought my house here in 2003. That's the 10 line that the state and county used to ensure compatible NO-10 11 use. 12 Well, the preferred alternative noise line, 100 percent of that noise line is inside that black line that 14 the state has used since the 1980s. And when you go all the way to 144 aircraft at L6, over 99 percent of the 16 contour lines are within the state line. There's only two little slivers that are affected by that. 18 So the conclusion is the state lines are still 19 good. The noise will be well inside the state lines that 20 we've all had to sign up to and live by. And less people, 21 not more, will be affected by the noise of that preferred 22 alternative squadron and wing size that the Air Force has 23 set for Luke Air Force Base. 24 Thank you very much for your time this evening. 25 COL. GREGORY: Mr. Carl Havlicek. I hope I got

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2425

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F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 37 that right. 3027 LU 2 MR. CARL HAVLICEK: You got it right. Havlicek, H-a-v-l-i-c-e-k, and it's pronounced as though there's an H after that C. Thank you. My name is Carl Havlicek. I'm a resident of Pebble Creek in Goodyear. We've resided there for the last 12 years as of next month. And we've experienced very little noise level discomfort from the F-16. And I obviously don't want to reiterate the previous speaker, but that's what I was going to cover as well is the differential noise level between the 16 and 11 the F-35. 12 I am a employee at the golf course at Falcon Dunes. I work inside. The noise level of the F-16 13 14 doesn't bother any conversations I have in the building. When I make announcements to tee time, most everybody that 15 has relatively decent hearing has no reason to not go up to the assigned tee time when I call it when the F-16s are 18 right overhead. So noise level doesn't really have an impact on normal conversations even when I'm playing golf 20 there and F-16s are right above you. So as a resident of Pebble Creek as well, I strongly support the, and my wife GE-3

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and I, the F-35 even if there was a increase in noise

to give to anybody else.

Thank you very much.

level. And any time that's remaining on my time, I'd like

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Page 38
              COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. John Chlopek.
                                                             3028 LU
             MR. JOHN CHLOPEK: Chlopek.
3
              COL. GREGORY: I'm sorry.
             MR. JOHN CHLOPEK: That's okay, sir.
5
              COL. GREGORY: The floor is yours.
             MR. JOHN CHLOPEK: Thank you. Good evening. I'd
    like to preface my comments by saying that I totally
    support the mission of Luke Air Force Base and training
    the world's finest fighter pilots. Being a Chicago
    resident and living near O'Hare International Airport for
11
    30 some years, I find the noise since 2008 in Surprise,
12
    Arizona, quite acceptable.
13
             I fear if we don't get the F-35A Lightning,
14
    Luke's mission would change and succumb to the Department
    of Defense base closure commission. And in my lifetime,
16
    I've gone through this three times in Illinois with
    Glenview Naval Air Station; Fort Sheridan, Illinois, and
    the Air National Guard base where my son was stationed in
19
    O'Hare International Airport. And I do not want to see
20
    that happen here at Luke and in the West Valley. I think
21
    the West Valley needs Luke, and we need Luke also. And I
                                                               GE-3
22
    totally support the F-35 coming to the West Valley.
23
              Thank you.
24
              COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. Tom Hillmer. Mr.
    Hillmer. The floor is yours.
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Page 39 3029 LU MR. TOM HILLMER: My name's Tom Hillmer, H-i-l-l-m-e-r. My name is Tom Hillmer, and I'm an environmental consultant. I work in the nuclear industry, and I have reviewed the environmental impact statement. It is very complete. It's very adequate. I paid special GE-8 attention to the areas of waste management, wetland management, resource recovery and use, air quality and wildlife habitat. I found the review to be adequate and that it showed little impact to the local environment. 10 The area of concern for most of us is, of course, 11 noise pollution. After reviewing the data, I feel that the F-35 mission should go forward at the L3 or L4 scenario, that those would be the best choice financially 13 14 and environmentally for our community. At those scenario levels, only four additional residential acres are impacted at the 65 to 69 decibel level. 16 17 I would also like to commend Luke Air Force Base for their current environmental assessment concerning installation of solar arrays to offset their power usage. 20 Thank you. 21 COL. GREGORY: Next I'll call on Congressman 22 Trent Franks. 3030 LU REP. TRENT FRANKS: Thank you very much. Well, 23 it is just such a precious honor for me to be here with all of you tonight. I could say a lot of things that many

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Page 40 people have already said, but I just want you to know that Luke Air Force Base continues to be one of the highest priorities in my office of anything else that we deal with because the first and most important responsibility to the federal government is to make sure that we protect the national security of the greatest nation in the history of world. And I could say a little shout out to all of the elected leaders here that have indeed cooperated with us in every way they could. But let me just say something to you from my heart. I truly believe that one of the main 12 reasons that Luke has been such a dynamic base and has gained the favor of the Air Force the way it has in this 14 particular challenge is because it has had absolutely unprecedented, unprecedented support among the people of 16 this Valley. 17 Every general I talk to says, You know, the 18 people surrounding Luke Air Force, they have supported it. 19 And they -- they're not so worried about a little noise 20 because, as we say all the time, that's the sound of 21 freedom roaring over us, overhead. And so I'm also very 22 gratified as you might imagine that the environmental 23 impact statement has shown that this new training mission

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best on the environment here and upon the noise contour

for Luke with the F-35 is going to have nominal impact at

Appendix D -F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 41 lines of this area. 2 And I just have to say to you it's my opinion that because of that -- because of your support and because of the commitment of the elected leaders, including this one, in all sincerity, and because the GE-3 environmental impact statement has worked the way it has, I truly believe that this base is going to become the decision of final record and we are going to see the F-35 roaring through these skies and roaring across the world to fight the cause of freedom. So God bless you all. Thank you very much. 11 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Next, Ms. Marilyn 12 13 Censioso, Ms. Censioso. All right. Put her aside for 14 now. 15 Mr. Peter DePasquale, Mr. Pasquale? All right. Bring the whole deck over here. Set that one aside. 17 I'll bet this Chief Master Sergeant's here. Chief Master Sergeant, retired, Geno Piccoli. 3031 LU 19 MR. GENO PICCOLI: Chief Master Sergeant, retired, Geno Piccoli, P-i-c-c-o-l-i. We are talking about a new weapons system. Let me tell you about a weapons system that is already here at Luke. The number 22 one weapons system in our Department of Defense. It's our people, 5900 of them according to the count, who work at Luke and who live in our community and, ladies and

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Page 42
    gentlemen, who provide environmental impact on our
    community.
              I will tell you that because I volunteer and
    manage the volunteer program out at Luke and know that we
    have many volunteers who work in this community. And
    every year, they put in anywhere from 80 to 100,000 hours
    of volunteer work into this community that equates to
    approximately $1.6 million every year.
9
              We all know the environmental -- or the financial
    impact that the base has. But the people impact is even
11
    more important. And by God, when the F-35 stays here,
    your people stay here, and we will support the West Valley GE-3
12
13
    to our fullest extent possible.
14
              Thank you very much.
15
              COL. GREGORY: Thanks, Chief. Mr. Ed Artz, Mr.
    Artz, Rusty Artz, A-r-t-z, just to make sure I'm saying
     that close to correct. All right.
18
              Chris Gorsuch, Chris Gorsuch, G-o-r-s-u-c-h. Mr.
    Don Reptoi, Air Force retired, Mr. Reptoi? I have another
    card from Ms. Atkins. But since we already covered
    that... if we have time, I'll give you a reattempt. Mr.
22
     Charles Barber. Mr. Barber? Mr. Barber? Mr. Thomas
23
    Hillmer. Mr. Hillmer? Starting to wonder what's going
2.4
    on. Mr. Bill Woods.
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MR. BILL WOODS: Here.

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Page 43
              COL. GREGORY: Good. The floor is yours.
                                                             3032 LU
             MR. BILL WOODS: Billy Woods, W-o-o-d-s. I --
     probably be the only clap I get tonight. I live at the
     end of the crash zone site just south of the freeway.
     I've lived there 24 years. The thing I came here for this
                                                                NP-5
     evening is to get some basic information, not happy talk.
     And so far I've got no information at all. I talked to
     the environmental people. They told me that the only
     thing that they were looking for on the environment was
     that the planes would be over 3,000 feet. That anything
     that came out of the tail pipe of the airplane had nothing
11
     to do with us on the ground. I think they forgot about
13
     gravity.
14
              The other part that I've seen here quite recently
     as -- I'm not opposed to Luke, but I am opposed to some of
     the flight paths that they're doing. And one of the main
16
17
     reasons for me being here is this last month they had an
18
     exceptionally good flight system out at Luke. They flew
     directly straight south to the field in Gila Bend. They
                                                                NO-98
20
     flew straight back in. Up until this afternoon.
21
              At 2:07 this afternoon, I got the groupings of
22
     three and four planes making a right-hand turn over my
23
     house. This created an average of 82 to 90 and two of the
     planes reached 94 decibel level. The reason I have
     checked this decibel level is we've been doing this for
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Page 44 some 20 years. We filed a report with the Department of Defense. And I'm sure they have that record some place. And the other part that I tried to get some NO-98 straight answers on was on the -- how this new flight path of only 65 decibels is going to work. They said, "Well, the computer model worked it out." I asked, "Has there been an F-35 here?" "Oh, no, no, no, there's none here. We just fly them over Edwards Air Base" or someplace. And if we had the amount of planes here and the guard that is so 11 important to us for the next 30, 40 years -- well, won't 12 make any difference to me because I ain't going to be here 13 much longer, the problem is the stuff coming out of the 14 tail pipe really concerns me. And the reason it concerns me is I used to grow plants until I lost most of my sight. 15 16 The -- collect rain water off of my greenhouse roof. And the -- the greenhouse roof water when I used 18 it, it foams like you put a whole jug of soap suds in it. 19 And I'm just really concerned about what's coming out of 20 the tail pipe. And I tried to get somebody to check it, 21 and nobody knows. Nobody's telling. And I'm concerned 22 about the emissions that are coming out of the planes. 23 Thank you. 24 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. James McNallen. Mr. McNallen.

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Page 45 1 MR. JAMES McNALLEN: Here. COL. GREGORY: All right. The floor is yours. 3 MR. JAMES McNALLEN: Thank you. My name is James X. McNallen. I'm a Navy Captain, retired. And I live over in Pebble Creek in Goodyear. And I have to get my glasses. Just have a few notes that I made. One is that looking at the material presented to us, the takeoff and landing and flight patterns for the F-35 will remain that of the F-16. So I do not see that that causes a problem. 10 There may be some increase in the noise level within those boundaries, but relatively little difference. 11 I understand that it's the difference between, if you're living in a residential area, a loud lawnmower and a 13 motorcycle. Well, I live in Goodyear, and we have both lawnmowers and occasionally a motorcycle. And it's not 15 really a big problem. And I don't -- I think if there is 16 a big problem, it will be not a big problem. The big 18 problem -- we'll get used to it. 19 In general, I support the idea of military bases 20 being in large or close to large metropolitan areas where there's a diverse population. First of all, I think that when you have a military population that mixes in with a 22 big civilian population, it gives us civilians a better appreciation for the military, more patriotism, more 24 understanding of every one of you.

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Page 46 Secondly, the military mixing with us gives them a better appreciation of the civilian points of view of these things. So I think all of these things are big, big factors in our support. And I support very strongly the assignment of the F-35 training facility at Luke Air Force 6 Base. Thank you. COL. GREGORY: Thank you, sir. Mr. Paul Smiley. Mr. Smilev. 3034 LU 10 MR. PAUL SMILEY: My name is Paul Smiley, 11 S-m-i-l-e-y. I am a two-year resident of Goodyear, 12 Arizona, retired Air Force Lieutenant Colonel. The Chief 13 and I go back about 25 years, but I'm retired from Luke 14 Air Force Base about 10 years ago, the squadron commander. And in my 25-year Air Force career, I spent about three 16 times at Luke Air Force Base. I'm also a combat veteran of Desert Storm. And I will tell you from an economic 18 standpoint, I don't consider about the dollars. There's 19 an interest in talking about the financial part. 20 Let me talk to you about a war fighting part. 21 And that is, you won't find a better proving ground to fly 22 airplanes and train than the Barry Goldwater range. In 23 Desert Storm, I worked with F-15 pilots and F-16 pilots 24 all my life. I'm an AWACS staff. We kind of run the air

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battle. And in Desert Storm, we lost no F-16s or U.S.

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    aircraft in an air-to-air fight. Yeah.
              If you go Google our adversaries out there, they
     are improving their weapons systems every day, every day.
     China, I know this because I spent time with the joint
    staff as Pacific air war planning strategist. But from an
     economic standpoint, what this really boils down to is
    risk. And as a 25-year Air Force combat veteran, I lost
     some friends in my life flying airplanes. But I can't
     tell you when the next war will happened or what it will
     happen with, but I will tell you this: Losing is not an
11
     option.
12
              So to be perfectly frank with you when I sit in
    my backyard in the summertime throwing a few steaks on the
     grill, enjoying the nice summer weather -- I'm from
     Chicago, too, so I really appreciate this kind of
     weather -- and I see that F-16 flying over, you know what
     I do? I'll throw another steak on the grill because I
     know the American flag that flies in my front yard will be
     there tomorrow.
             Thank you.
              COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. Chris Andres.
                                                             3035 LU
             MR. CHRIS ANDRES: Thank you, Colonel. My name
     is Chris Andres. A, as in Arizona, n-d-r-e-s. I'm the
     deputy aviation director for planning for the City of
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Phoenix Aviation Department, and I'm speaking on behalf of

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Page 48
    the City of Phoenix Councilwoman Thelda Williams who sends
    her apologies she could not be here tonight and the City
    of Phoenix Aviation Department. We're in strong support
    of Luke Air Force Base as the preferred site for the F-35A | GE-3
    training program.
              Luke Air Force Base and Phoenix Sky Harbor
    International Airport are the two largest users of
     airspace in central Arizona. We have an excellent
     relationship with the base, and Luke is one of our
    strongest partners to address the joint needs of civilian
11
    and military aviation.
              We support their mission as a critical training
12
13
     facility for the Air Force and the F-35 program. And the-
14
    City of Phoenix is committed to Luke's long-term
     viability. As part of this commitment to Luke, Phoenix
    has purchased property near the base to protect it from
     encroachment so it can continue to serve the needs of our
    national defense system.
19
              Thank you.
20
              COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Ms. Billie Barbara
    Nelson. Ms. Nelson? Mr. Harry Cook, USMC, retired. Oh,
22
    Ms. Nelson.
                                                             3036 LU
23
              MS. BILLIE BARBARA NELSON: Coming.
24
              COL. GREGORY: Sorry about that, ma'am.
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MS. BILLIE BARBARA NELSON: Nelson, N-e-l-s-o-n.

25

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     I'm Barbara Nelson, and actually I'm a native Arizonan,
     but I married an Air Force jock in 1957, and he ended up
     with 2,000 hours in the F-86, 2,000 hours in the F-100 and
     2,000 hours in the 105. And I'm going to tell you, he was
     some jock. Now I was with him. He ferried the first 105
     to Bittberg, Germany. And we lived over there for five
     years.
              And believe me, if you want to have an airplane
     that shakes the house down, it's the thud from a 105. And
     that was out here also. And believe me, I can still hear
     it. And I've been around all those airports and all those
11
     airplanes. And I just don't believe the F-35 could be
12
     noisier than the thud. I truly don't.
13
14
              And I really respect the Air Force. I love it.
     And I've been a part of it for most of my life. And I was
15
     so glad that after Vietnam, he got stationed back at Luke
16
     so I could come home to the desert. So it is my
18
     encouragement that we stay with this Air Force jet and
     that we applaud the Air Force for keeping us flying and
20
     keeping us safe.
21
              Thank you.
22
              COL. GREGORY: Thank you, ma'am. Mr. Cook.
                                                             3037 LU
23
              MR. HARRY COOK: Harry Cook, Staff Sergeant
     United States Marine Corps, retired. I want the F-35.
                                                             My GE-3
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combat experience was the Korean war, and I took part in

Page 50 what I've always considered the most epic battle the Marine Corps has ever been in, a place called the Chosin reservoir. That's when the Chinese came into the Korean war, one Marine division surrounded by seven divisions of Chinese 78 miles from the sea. We had to turn around and fight our way back to the water so the Navy could pick us 7 On two occasions, in my part of the tour, down the road, we were really surrounded and going to get annihilated, but air came up, Navy or Marines -- we never 11 knew who the hell it was, but it was ours -- and got us 12 out of there. 13 And this plane is going to be part of the Marine 14 air, and I think we need it. And I have a lot of experience with noisy airplanes. I was on an aircraft 16 carrier as a young marine, and we were the first ship in the Navy, the first carrier in the world to have an 18 operational jet squadron aboard. 19 And then when I came back from Korea, I was a 20 drill instructor at San Diego. And they had to lengthen 21 the runway at Lindbergh Field to accommodate jet aircraft. 22 And you've never had anymore fun trying to drill recruits 23 when one of those 747 -- well, it wasn't a 47 then. It was a 707 or something is roaring down that runway and

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you're trying to tell those people to stop.

Page 51 And so I've got a little experience being around noisy aircraft. And I live in Sun City. We don't get a hell of a lot of noise from Luke, but we get our share. And I say let's get the 35 here and train these guys GE-3 because, as the one gentleman said, we don't know when the next war is going to happen, but I've been here 85 years and we've been having enough of them. And we'll probably have another one. COL. GREGORY: I hope you'll indulge me in giving Sergeant Cook a round of applause for his service in the valley of the Chosin. 11 12 Ms. Judy Blackburn, Ms. Blackburn. Here we go. The floor is yours. 13 3038 LU 14 MS. JUDY BLACKBURN: It's Judy Blackburn, B-l-a-c-k-b-u-r-n. I just want to say that like all of you, I think, are all pretty much for the F-35 being here, and I know I've lived in Surprise for 12 years now. When the F-16s were here, I mean, they were a little noisy. But, geez, I mean, I get a chill down my whole spine when 20 I hear those planes flying over. And it only takes a second, and they're gone out of sight, so you don't hear it but just for a second anyway. 23 I think our freedom is a lot more important. I 24 think our safety and our -- just our liberty in having those planes here to help train these guys. We have the

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    best pilots in the world right in our own backyard. I
    just feel so much more secure. I don't know about you,
    but I think our liberty and freedom and our safety is a
    lot more important.
             Thank you.
              COL. GREGORY: Mr. Jim Charters. Mr. Charters.
    The floor is yours.
                                                             3039 LU
             MR. JIM CHARTERS: I'm Jim Charters,
    C-h-a-r-t-e-r-s. Thank you. I'm an Air Force fledgling.
    Army people have brats. We have fledglings. I was raised
    on Williams Air Force Base. And you all know, if you're
    military Air Force, that they put test flights right next
    to housing areas. It's a good addition, I think.
13
14
             And I was raised as well on Hahn Air Base in
    Germany, and I can tell you that you get to a point where
16
    you know how to handle it. The teacher is writing
    something on the board. She stops a moment. It goes by,
    and she picks it right up where she was at. I also can -
    tell you that all the F-16s that come in on a particular
                                                             GE-3
20
    vector go right over my house. And I enjoy it.
21
             Thank you. Keep it up.
22
             COL. GREGORY: Mr. Eric Gorsegner of the Sonoran
23
    Institute.
                                                             3040 LU
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             MR. ERIC GORSEGNER: Good evening. My name is
    Eric Gorsegner. I'm the associate director with the
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D.8-77
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Appendix D -F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 53 Phoenix office of the Sonoran Institute. The name is G-o-r-s-e-g-n-e-r. 3 Two years ago, we submitted a letter in support Comment Response Document - Public Hearing Transcripts of Luke, Luke Air -- in support of, I'm sorry, the F-35. And I just want to hit some high points from that letter because our views haven't changed. It was a letter of support. And I think our support is stronger now than it's ever been, and I want to tell you why. 9 As far as the Sonoran Institute goes though for nearly the two decades we've been working collaboratively with communities, developers, conservationists, and 11 12 stakeholders throughout the Intermountain West. Simply 13 stated, our mission is one of promoting sustainability and smart growth principles both in the natural and the built 14 environments. 15 16 Today, we're working throughout the Intermountain West on issues relating to urban design, land 18 conservation, renewable energy and wise use of water resources. Here in Arizona, in western Maricopa County, 20 we've been engaged for several years on a landscape level conservation plan of relatively continuous BLM lands and maintaining the viable habitat blocks and the wilderness 22 23 quarters between them. A key fact that I think is sometimes lost in the 2.4

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discussion of environment sustainability is the parallel

Page 54 need for economic stability and sustainability. And there's a growing body of evidence that demonstrates that economic problems often become environmental problems in very short order. For 71 years, Luke Air Force Base has been a foundational component of the West Valley's economy with quantifiable multipliers, economic multipliers that extend well beyond the region. 9 As the F-16 fighters are replaced by the F-35s, it is sensible to locate the F-35s in a place where the 11 environmental adaptations have already occurred and additional degradation is less likely. While sensitive 12 13 lands and habitats exist beneath the military training 14 grounds used for the F-16, we believe there is substantial 15 compatibility between Luke's continuing mission as a host 16 for the F-35 and our mission as stewards of open space and protection of wildlife. So we support the F-35, and we 18 believe Luke and the Goldwater range are in the ideal 19 home. 20 And after hearing comments on noise, anecdotally 21 let me just say that I live two blocks from Papago Park. 22 I hear helicopters all the time. Even my cocker spaniel 23 doesn't flinch anymore. In fact, he thinks it's time to 24 go out and play.

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So thank you for your attention.

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Page 55 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Ms. Lisa LaBarre. I hope I got that right. 3041 LU 3 MS. LISE LaBARRE: Hi, I'm Lise A. LaBarre, L-a-B-a-r-re. I'm a long-time homeowner close to Luke Air Force Base, and I'm probably in that area which has been described as the area which is going to be impacted by higher noise levels. And I forget the specific numbers right now. 9 But in short, I bought my property in December of '79. At that time, land was being sold at five acres 11 minimum. Shortly thereafter, apparently without consultation with Luke Air Force Base -- I really can't say -- but ordinances were changed so that properties 13 14 could be divided in one-acre parcels. As Mayor Scruggs pointed out, recently nine statutes have been passed in order to protect Luke Air Force Base. And, forgive me. 16 GE-13 Let me slow down if you are taking this down. 18 These nine statutes are well intended and probably well written. Unfortunately, they were written 20 approximately 60 years too late. Some of us have been out there for 30, 40 years and even 50 years. Now this time we were told that we could no longer divide our property. We can no longer develop our property. We could no longer build new or sell to -- with the intent of residential development. And everything basically was to be approved

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Page 56 by Luke Air Force Base. This is not the condition under which we bought our property 30, 40 years ago. The rules GE-13 are being changed in mid course with no compensation of any type. 5 In addition to that, I have long heard the myth that Luke Air Force Base provides \$2.3 billion in annual income to Luke Air Force Base. You'll find that figure cited many times in the Arizona Republic. I happen to believe that figure based on the fact that approximately 120 civilian jobs are provided by Luke Air Force Base. 11 The rest of the jobs, which are approximately 6,000 12 military jobs, are money which is -- the federal 13 government, i.e., we would be spending somewhere. Whether 14 it's in this state or another doesn't really make much 15 difference. Most of that money basically is military pay. 16 Those people who are stationed here whose families are not here send their money back home, and that's not generally 18 part of the economy. 19 I know that we have four industrial companies or 20 defense employers installations here: Raytheon Missile, 21 Honeywell, General Dynamics and Boeing. Okay. One 22 contract with either one -- with any one of these 23 companies for approximately one billion dollars a year, if 24 that, because I don't even know that the net income to the state is even one billion from Luke Air Force Base. I'm

Page 57 not including all the other military installations. 2 Okay. One contract with one of these military contractors would equal what we're getting from Luke Air Force Base without the pollution, without the noise, and without the loss in property value which has been -- which is unfortunately befalling all of the state by some 12 to 20,000 acres being basically put into non-production in order to protect Luke Air Force Base. 9 Thank you. 10 COL. GREGORY: Thank you, ma'am. Mr. Bill Walschlaeger of West Valley Golf Course. Mr. 11 Walschlaeger. Ms. Margaret Blackmon. Ms. Blackmon. Mr. 12 Ron Douglas. Mr. Douglas. Mr. Scott Roberts. Mr. 13 Roberts. There we go. 14 3042 LU 15 MR. SCOTT ROBERTS: My name is Scott Roberts, 16 R-o-b-e-r-t-s. These statements are made about the facts of the environmental impact study, not against the F-35. 18 Pueblo Mirage, which I am the owner of, is an active adult 19 community with nearly 3,000 residents. Currently our 20 property is outside of the 65 DB rating based off of the LU-6 F-16's flight pattern. 22 Based on figure 12, page 43, of the EIS, land use noise contours, scenario 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 put us inside 23 the 65 DB rating contours. The rating contours to the north are actually substantially increased while the

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Page 58 rating of the 65 DB rating to the south is actually decreased. So it's obvious that the F-35 is going to make a dramatic impact on all the area to the north. We currently have 3,000 residents inside of our community that are living outside of the 65 DB rating. The F-35 is going to put all of those residents inside this 65 DB rating. We heard earlier today that the LU-6 cont'd federal government considers any area within the 65 DB rating not compatible for land or residential use. This 10 creates our concern. 11 We have very many residents in our community that 12 support F-35, a lot of you, of course, support F-35. We 13 are just concerned about the actual facts of the 14 environmental impact study saying that pretty much under every scenario, our property will be impacted at the 65 DB 16 rating which it currently isn't impacted. 17 Thank you. 18 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. Woody Thomas. Mr. 19 Thomas. Woody Thomas. Mr. Barry Wong, former Arizona 20 legislator. 3043 LU 21 MR. BARRY WONG: Thank you, sir. 22 COL. GREGORY: The floor is yours. 23 MR. BARRY WONG: Thank you for the opportunity to 24 speak for the record. 25 My name's Barry Wong. That's B, as in boy,

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D.8-79

Page 59 a-r-r-y. Last name, W-o-n-q. I'm honored to have been a legislator in Arizona from '93 to 2000, and I'm also a native Arizonan, proud to be an Arizonan. I'm proud to be supporting the mission of the F-35A to be sited at Luke GE-3 Air Force Base, and I rise to and speak in support of that effort to site it here. I want to address a few issues for the record. As you heard today, we have the strong support of all those of our government officials from federal, state, county to city. And we should be proud of that as elected 11 officials supporting this effort. Thank you. You've heard briefly about the history of the 12 state in terms of the bases, but I think it's important to 13 14 state that the history of Arizona, as we celebrate its centennial tomorrow, is that we have the Marines. They're based out near Yuma. They have the Harriers down there, 16 and I understand they're going to be getting the F-35 down there as well. 19 We have Davis-Monthan Air Force Base in Tucson 20 along with the Arizona Air National Guard based out there as well. Of course you heard earlier from a gentleman of 22 Williams Air Force Base, which was also a proud training base in the East Valley of this community. Of course, now

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we have Luke Field and now Luke Air Force Base. I mention

that because we have to understand the big picture of the

Page 60 entire ecosystem of the state, how we have supported military operations throughout the history of Arizona. And further, not just the actual bases, we also have to be mindful that as our leaders make the decision to site the mission here that they understand that we have the businesses, the aerospace companies, the civilian side that brings in the military, the vendors, the hardware, the small businesses that make the little turbine for the -- the parts for the aircraft. All this has been part of the entire business civilian ecosystem for the state. 11 And all of you being here supporting the civilian 12 side and retired military officials and officers and enlisteds support this mission as well. And also I want 14 to state for the record that the proximity of the space is we're near the West Coast. So we also have flights coming 16 in from the Navy training at Aux field. Very important. 17 I want to also state that from an EIS point of view that I have served on the Arizona Corporation Commission which decides, for example, where new power 19 20 plants and power links are cited. They have to first show 21 that they're environmentally compatible. I want to state 22 for the record that the state of Arizona supports the 23 environment. As an example, through the power plant and transmission siting committee, we make sure there's

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environmental compatibility there. And so from a parallel

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     is that we want to make sure, and the government officials
     also stated today for the record that they support that
     this base, the F-35A is also environmentally compatible.
              And as we heard today that we want to make sure
     that all interests are addressed. And you here today and
     especially those that have raised concerns, I'm glad
     you've at least made yourself clear for the record. But
     please weigh the cost and the benefit is that the cost is
     minimal in terms of noise, a bit of a noise increase,
     versus the benefit that's our national security of our
     country. As you heard from Congressman Trent Franks, it
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     is vital to the security of all of us in this country.
13
              So let's go forward and ask all your friends in
14
     the next few hearings to chill out, come out, and also get
     your voices heard for the record, either publicly or also
     in a written form. So, again, in conclusion, I here stand
     in support of the F-35A mission to be sited at Luke Air
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     Force Base.
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              And thank you all for being there.
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              COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. Rich Crabb, Mr.
21
     Crabb.
                                                              3044 LU
22
              MR. RICH CRABB: I'm Rich Crabb, a Litchfield
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     Park resident, former Air Force brat, proud son of a
     Vietnam vet and retired NCO.
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              For those few of you that are here in service to
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Page 62
    yourself with critical critique, the military musical
    might be flight, a dance with decibels. Its trail a
    crescendo seeming a little intrusive at times to your golf
     or bridge game, cause for momentarily missing a dramatic
    line in a Nancy Grace exclusive, be thankful for your
     ability to choose your own safer place of self-assignment,
    one where you're not left to wonder whether the sound is
    ours or that of an enemy. Relax knowing that your only
    orders this week may be for more product or come from a
10
    magistrate and not a major, from a cattle bug and not a
11
    commander.
              Those in service to our country, they might be a
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13
    new neighbor, maybe young, a minority, a struggling
14
     family. But stationed by the Air Force, they are sent to
     war and separated by order from this entire nation.
16
    Deployed and redeployed and redeployed, they live each day
    with concern for a stateside spouse, often yearning for
    the sound of that screaming chorus of competing family
19
    voices, the Skyped missed melody of a daughter's recital
20
    or her first garbled words, a concern only for a young
21
    son's sound sleep, who in turn only too anxiously awaits
22
    next door to grumpy the singular sound of a jet bringing
23
     daddy or mommy safely back home or one that simply means
24
     they're never far away.
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I think the great sacrifice of so few in this

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Page 63 country is worthy of a little from the rest of us so that they too may benefit from the full and unique resources, services and supports only afforded by the Luke basing option given its close proximity to many fine facilities, institutions, venues and activities, community organizations and businesses that we all appreciate and enjoy every day. Now that makes sound sense to me. How about all of you? I thank you, Colonel. Thank you, Colonel, for this opportunity to speak this evening in support of the F-35, our active duty, their families, and the continued Luke tradition and mission to train, deter and defend. And in deference to all that have served, thank you. 13 14 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mr. Gerald Washburn. Mr. Washburn. Mr. Washburn. Mr. Darrel Martin. Mr. Martin. 16 3045 LU 17 MR. DARREL MARTIN: I have to tell you I'm not going to be able to speak as eloquently as the others have been up here. I am speaking from the heart. My name is 20 Darrel, D-a-r-r-e-l, Martin, M-a-r-t-i-n. 21 My wife grew up in this area, and I've recently moved back from California. However, I have spent a lot of time in a town that was very military-centered. And

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what I have to say is that Luke has heritage here in the

Valley. I think we should pay homage to the heritage, to

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Page 64
    the people that serve, and we should really give the
    opportunity for those to come to train and we will give
    our thanks to them.
             I do have to say that, albeit a little bit
    nervous, I'm proud to represent my wife and my family in
    saying that we love to hear the sound of freedom flying
    overhead. We live about two miles from here, and we would _{\rm GE-3}
     love to have the F-35A. So without further ado, I thank
    you. And I sure hope --
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              COL. GREGORY: Mr. Frank DeSomma. Here we go.
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    Right on the front row.
                                                              3046 LU
12
             MR. FRANK DESOMMA: Yeah, right in the front.
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             My name's Frank Desomma, D-e-s-o-m-m-a. I moved
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    here as a kid from Brooklyn, New York, in '73. So this is
    my home, Arizona, and what a wonderful state it is. And I
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    had the opportunity. I worked in aerospace. This is an
     aerospace hub that's slowly being dismantled here, people,
    because there's no jobs and work. We keep outsourcing or
    out of the country. It's a great thing for hope and
20
     change as we've been asked to do by our leaders. Well,
21
     the only hope is we end up with some change when they're
22
    done.
23
              This is the first time I've seen real hope and
24
     change for something positive in the state of Arizona.
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When you have an opportunity to bring the technology of an

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Page 65 aircraft like the F-35 that almost flies like a bird to the state. And it's an aircraft that can protect this nation and other nations as we do around the world. And to have hope of getting that and the change would be of improvement and securing and safeguarding this nation and this state. And by God, how close are we to the border here? So it's a wonderful thing of having the opportunity and a chance for hope and change at this Air Force called Luke Air Force Base. And I hope and pray that we get this approved here because it would be nothing $|_{GE-3}$ 11 but a positive thing for our community, for our state, and obviously for this great nation. 13 14 Thank you. 15 COL. GREGORY: Let me recall those who did not respond when I first called your name just to make sure 16 they didn't just leave temporarily. 18 Ms. Marilyn Censioso? Ms. Censioso? Mr. Peter DePasquale, Mr. Pasquale? Mr. Ed Artz, A-r-t-z. Mr. Artz, Rusty Artz. Chris Gorsuch, G-o-r-s-u-c-h. Don Reptoi. Charles Barber. Thomas Hillmer. Bill Walschlaeger. Margaret Blackmon. Ron Douglas. Woody Thomas? Gerald Washburn. We have a few minutes left. Is there anyone who 2.4

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did not sign up to speak who's decided you would like to

Page 66 make a statement here? Sir, could we get one of the cards, please. Oh, you've got some. Come on up, sir. Mr. John Wood. 3047 LU MR. JOHN WOOD: Good evening, folks. Nice to see a lot of people are still here. I don't have to say much other than look at the bases around the country that are no longer bases. What's happened? They lost their mission. What will happen here? We'll lose our mission. Pollution? Noise pollution? You can have it next to a freeway. Smog? Go to southern California. We need the GE-3 11 base. We need the airplane. 12 Thank you. 13 COL. GREGORY: Anyone else who has not had a 14 chance to speak yet? Still have a few minutes. All 15 right, ma'am. 16 MS. BARBARA PENHALLOW: I'm Barbara Penhallow and lived in Hawaii for 47 years. And it was early on in 1946 that I first lived there and taught in a single-frame schoolhouse with the planes from Barbers Point Naval Air 20 Station going overhead, and we would stop because we 21 couldn't be heard. 22 And I think that Hawaii perhaps was the only part 23 of the United States that was ever invaded by a foreign 24 country, and people who remember December 7th know the

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sound of an engine that's not an American engine. And I

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Page 67 can only say that whenever the planes went over, no matter how loud, they were ours. And that was a comforting thing to know. Thank you. COL. GREGORY: Mr. Alan Krob. 3049 LU MR. ALAN KROB: Two quick points that came to my mind as I listened and appreciate very much the words of encouragement that we heard this evening. My wife and I moved here five years ago from the Midwest, left two -left our family with two granddaughters whom we cherish. You know, their safety and their future and all those 11 children and grandchildren in our country depend on this kind of safety and security that this instrument of peace 13 14 can bring. The other thing I will mention to you is that we 15 were in St. Louis 9/11. And the days following 9/11, if 16 you recall, there was no air traffic. But some days we 18 would hear air traffic. And the security and knowledge that they were ours, that's the kind of security that this 20 brings us. 21 Thank you. 22 COL. GREGORY: Anyone else who's not had a chance to speak yet or would like to make a comment here tonight? We have just a few minutes left.

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Mayor Scruggs, I know that the red card got you.

Page 68 Would you like another three minutes to -- no? You're good? Oh, we have another speaker. 3 MR. RICH DeLEON: Didn't plan on speaking. COL. GREGORY: Rich DeLeon? 5 MR. RICH DeLEON: Correct. COL. GREGORY: Mr. DeLeon. 3050 LU MR. RICH DeLEON: Rich DeLeon, D-e-L-e-o-n. I quess I'm one of the few people that have been -- I was born and reared here in Glendale, so I've not never known Luke not to be here. Excuse my voice. I'm a little 11 nervous. 12 But before Luke, there was place called 13 Thunderbird training area which was located, I believe, 14 59th Avenue and Thunderbird. Not too many people may know that, but Arizona has never known -- or I have never known 16 a time when Air Force has not trained here. Before the Air Force, it was the Army Air Corps, of course, but 18 they've always been here. So I've never known a time when 19 they weren't, and I hate to see a time when they're not 20 going to be here. 21 Luke Air Force Base is a great place to train 22 pilots because of the weather in Arizona. The weather in Arizona is, what, 363 days a year, it's great. The 24 training facility -- not when it's hot. But, hey, those

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guys have air conditioning, I'm sure. The training area

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     at the Goldwater gunnery range is great. They've got
     great facilities out there, and the Marine Corps also
     trains out there.
              And it's so good out here, even Great Britain
     sent their prince to train out at the gunnery range. So
     this is a great place to have the air -- to continue to
     have the training for the Air Force pilots, and the F-35A GE-3
     would be a great thing to have in Arizona here for us to
     continue to train these great pilots. And speaking as a
     former military person, you know, we can't say enough for
     the guys in the military.
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12
              Thank you.
              COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Sir, did you want
13
14
     to --
                                                             3051 LU
15
              MR. RICHARD LANDIS: Yes.
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              COL. GREGORY: -- make a comment? All right.
     Mr. Landis, come on up.
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              MR. RICHARD LANDIS: Thank you.
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              COL. GREGORY: Mr. Richard Landis.
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              MR. RICHARD LANDIS: Thank you. My name is
     Richard Landis, Dick Landis. I live here in Litchfield
     Park. I've been here for almost 20 years now, and it has
22
     been an amazing adventure as we have watched Luke grow and
     change. And now we're at a wonderful point of trying to
2.4
     decide where do we go from here. I have two perspectives
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Page 70
    to tell you about.
              One is that I served with the State in Yuma,
    Arizona, and I watched the Marine Corps Air Force Base use
     the military range between Yuma and Gila Bend. And since
     then, I came to Arizona, and I watched Luke Air Force Base
    use the range between Luke Air Force Base and Yuma. And I
    have to tell you, there is no place that I know of on
     earth that can provide that kind of military training
    opportunity, that kind of wide open space that we have as
    part of our state of Arizona. And it is a truly unique
11
    opportunity that makes Luke Air Force Base unique from
12
    anyplace else.
13
             There are, you know, planes that can come from
14
    everywhere else, but they take off from Luke Air Force
    Base. In minutes, they're in training grounds that just
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    simply don't exist anyplace else. I've watched Luke grow.
    I've watched Luke change. I've watched Luke become a
    better place. We've watched the F-16s. And now it's time
     for the F-35. And I urge you. I urge the United States
                                                                GE-3
20
    Air Force. I urge the government to approve this as a
21
    wonderful, wonderful place for the F-35.
22
              Ladies and gentlemen, thank you.
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              COL. GREGORY: Anyone else? Anyone else? Let me
24
    make sure. Anyone that hasn't already had an opportunity
25
    to speak?
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Page 71 Ma'am, come on down. 3052 LU MS. ELAINE WEINBERG: Okay. My name is Elaine Weinberg. I was born and raised in Phoenix. My first episode at Luke Air Force Base was in 1942 when my mother decided to do her duty for the war effort. She became a mechanic on the airplanes. Well, I didn't go back again until in the '50s when I was a little older. And I met a lot of wonderful people out there, a lot of fellows, and I ended up marrying one of them, but he's gone now. 10 And if he were still around, he would be 11 delighted if he could again fly an F-35 because he's flown everything else. And he's up there now watching, and I think we really need the F-35 here. 13 14 I love to watch them fly over my house. I live in Surprise, and I search the skies until I see them. You've got to watch ahead of the sound. I've learned 16 quite a bit about that. We lost one good deal from Luke Air Force Base some time ago. Many of you have seen the Thunderbirds. Well, they were originated at Luke back in 20 the '50s, and now they belong to Nellis. And that, I don't like. So anyway we've got to have the 35s. GE-3 Thank you. 23 COL. GREGORY: Mr. Rob Goodwin. MR. ROB GOODWIN: It's actually Godwin. COL. GREGORY: Oh, I'm sorry.

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Page 72 3053 LU MR. ROB GOODWIN: That's okay. G-o-d-w-i-n. Yeah, I was wanting to speak. It was important, the F-35 as well. One of the reasons I wanted to come here tonight is besides being a West Valley resident, I was reading the West Valley View on Friday. And the headlines said, "F-35 twice as loud as the F-16," which I thought was kind of disingenuous. I think the West Valley mayors for the last two years have done a really good job at keeping the land use management for the contours, the sound contours, they've kept development away from these, you know, the 11 flight pattern areas. 12 And I think between that and perfect weather and 13 the 365 days of sunshine a year and the vast expanse of 14 desert we have, I still think Arizona is just the perfect place to have the F-35. I think it's a symbiotic 16 relationship between the West Valley and Luke Air Force 17 Base. 18 Like everyone's been saying, Luke Air Force Base has been here since the '40s and back when we were a very 20 small farming community. So we've kind of grown together. And I think, like I said before, the mayors of the cities have done a good job at preparing for the future. And I think with that, I think the F-35 is the perfect -- and GE-3 the plane should come here because I think we need Luke Air Force Base to continue like it has. So I just want to

Page 73 GE-3 cont'd speak in support of it. 2 Thank you. 3 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Anyone else who's not had an opportunity to speak yet? Anyone else? Sir? We'll have to get you to fill out a card. 6 Thank you. The floor is yours. 3054 LU 7 MR. LARRY SCRUGGS: I wasn't going to say anything, but the last speaker happened to hit one of my last frazzled nerves that I've got. The press wants to sensationalize. They want to sell newspapers. And they 11 always take the attack similar to that, "The F-35 is going to be twice as loud as the F-16." And something else that 12 I also thought of because there's still a lot of people 13 14 here. I think probably most everybody that's left would be ambassadors for the program. And how many of us, you 16 know, have a background in sound and electronics and then what have you. 18 Here's something that if you go to explain this 19 to your friends and neighbors after they read that it's 20 going to be twice as loud as the F-16, the human ear can only respond to a 3 DB increase in sound. So what I'm NO-9 22 saying is if you have 6 DB and your radio is planning or whatever, you turn that to 9 DB, that's -- human ear will 23 only perceive an increase after 3 DB. So what this really means is the 9 DB, picture a very small incremental

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Page 74 increase from the first 3 DB. And if you can, you know, hear another perceptible increase, that's 6 DB. 3 DB more, yet another small -- and I think that goes to what Lisa Atkins was saying because she said she heard them at Eglin, I guess. So let's try to debunk that over the press. They'll, you know, get with that rather than coming out and making irresponsible statements like it's, you know, twice as loud as the F-16. 9 Thank you. 10 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Anyone else who hasn't had an opportunity to speak yet? Mr. Wong, I have time 11 12 for one quick reattempt. 3043 LU 13 MR. BARRY WONG: I thought I would be up again. 14 Barry Wong. 15 For the record, I think it's important for me to 16 put on the record two points I missed earlier. One is 17 with our international partners. You mentioned nine 18 countries that have all -- our allies have purchased the 19 F-35 is that with them coming to train here, I just want to make -- let the decision makers know that we have a 20 21 vibrant international community in Arizona. Whether 22 Americans that have traveled abroad to support 23 international efforts or foreign nationals that live here 24 and work here, people that participate in many sister cities programs we have among the different cities is that

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Page 75

we are here to support their efforts as well.

A case in point is currently with the F-16 at

- Luke Air Force Base, the government of Singapore has their
- air force training here. And also the government of
- Taiwan has their Air Force training here, and they've been
- here. They're a major supporter of Luke of obviously
- training their pilots. But also on the civilian side,
- they have support culturally as well as socially outside
- the walls. So I want to make that clear for the record.
- 10 The second point I want to make is that Luke Air
- 11 Force Base, the wing commander currently as well as many
- in the past have been active in external relations. What
- I mean by that is everything that happens outside of the 13
- 14
 - wall is that, in the past, that hasn't always been the
 - case because everything that happened inside the wall,
- that was it. That was all they cared about. That has 16
- changed over the years. In fact, Luke Air Force Base's
- system has become a model within the AETC as a example of
- other bases that follow what we're doing here. And in
- 20 fact, Luke Air Force Base wing commander has actually
- 21 assigned a person to be the community initiatives person
- 22 for things that happen outside the wall. They cannot, as
- active duty personnel, say that and promote to get the
- F-35. So that's why I'm speaking because I'm also a former honorary commander of Luke Air Force Base, and I

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- personally have seen what they have done in their support
- of external relations.
- So I want to make that very clear for the record
- is that that's the culture of Luke Air Force Base and the
- wing commander that care about what happens outside the
- wall.
- Thank you.
- COL. GREGORY: Thank you, Mr. Wong. I want to
- thank every speaker for helping us follow our time lines
- we were able to get in everyone who wanted to speak here
- tonight. I want to thank you for your time and interest
- 12 in the F-35A training basing EIS proposal.
- 13 And, again, tonight is not the end of your
- 14 opportunity to participate in the environmental review
- process. Written comment sheets are available at the
- registration table. You can turn these in tonight, or you
- can mail and fax them later. The address and fax number
 - and all that is on the sheet.
- 19 The Air Force welcomes public comments in writing
- 20 at any time during the environmental impact analysis
- 21 process. To receive timely consideration for the final
- 22 EIS, let me foot stomp this: All comments must be
- submitted by March the 14th, 2012. And that's the mail
- box rule. Once they're postmarked that day, they count.
- So March the 14th, 2012. And there being no further

25

D.8-89

Appendix D -F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 77 speakers, this hearing is adjourned. Thank you. 2 3 (Hearing adjourned) **Comment Response Document – Public Hearing Transcripts** 5 PUBLIC COMMENTS (The following are oral comments received by the Court Reporter outside of the presence 9 of the hearing officer before the hearing 10 commenced.) 11 3055 LU 12 ROCHELLE SWARTZ: The planes fly right over my house, sometimes four at a time. And I appreciate the 13 14 fact that they're up there protecting me. I know some people kind of resent it. Some of my neighbors don't care for it. But, you know, I look at the greater good. But NO-6 yet I want to keep my hearing safe. Don't want my house walls shaking and cracking, house walls and ceilings and NO-12 19 foundations and stuff cracking and breaking and all that 20 from the vibration. Okav. 21 And is this going to take away from my already 22 depleted property value? You know, I mean, I have the SO-1 noise now. But with more noise, is that going to

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And then I was concerned. I don't have

BI-5

negatively affect it even more?

Page 78 livestock. I have a bird and two cats. But I was brought up on a farm. And I know anything and everything scares chickens. They're kind of brainless creatures. But I cont'd was, you know, concerned about the horses and the cows and that kind of stuff that they're not unduly stressed. And that's about it. I just want to have a nice compromise so everybody can be happy. But yet I don't want to -- I don't want to lose on my house's value. I SO-1 mean, it's like bought my house in 2004, and it's worth like half. So, you know, I just want things to go well. 11 And I understand that Tucson is an alternative 12 location, and I think there's one in North or South 13 Carolina. And Tucson would also keep the money in the 14 state. But I understand that one place is going to be like a training center which they want Luke to be. And the other one an actual like fake combat center or such, for want of a better description. 18 And I think I would kind of like it as a training 19 center more than, which is what they're proposing now. You know, but it's just that sound, the level of the sound NO-20 21 that concerns me. Can they put a muffler on it? Would cut down on the sound? Go to any car dealership. They 23 can do it; right. 3037 LU 24 HARRY COOK: My name is Harry Cook. I'm a retired marine. I'm here to support the F-35. Based on GE-3

Page 79 my military career, my combat was in Korea and I survived that on two occasions from close air support. They were not jets. We didn't have jets helping us. But close air support is close air support no matter how you get it. And the only reason I survived was because the planes came in and chased the Chinese away. And I just think it's a necessary thing for the country's defense. I have a close association, though, with jet airplanes. Right out of boot camp, I went to what they call sea school, and I went aboard a carrier. They had marines in those days aboard all capitals. And in 1948 or '49, we had the first jet squadron in naval history aboard our carrier, and they didn't bother me a bit. 13 14 JOHN CHLOPEK: My name is John Chlopek. I live in Surprise, Arizona. And my comment is that I would love to keep Luke Air Force Base open, bring the F-35A for 16 pilot training. It's the only way their mission and Luke can stay prosperous and preserve the future of the West 19 Valley. 20 Being from Illinois, we suffered with the closure of Glenview Naval Air Station; the air guard base at O'Hare; and Fort Sheridan, Illinois. And it was financially impacted and hurt many people. As long as Luke thrives, I think the West Valley will be stable and

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continue to expand and prosper.

Page 80 Thank you. 3056 LU EDWARD JAMES ARTZ: My name is Edward James Artz, A-r-t-z. I live at Russell Ranch, which is right here, (indicating), outside of the sound pressure contours. 5 So the comment that I have is that the environmental impact study is using these sound pressure level contours as the basis for the environmental impact study. However, our experience is that there are a lot of jets that leave that contour. They fly directly over our house, not at glide path levels but full acceleration, 11 full bank turns and very low levels. And it's not only 12 dangerous. It's extremely noisy. It shakes the whole 13 house. NO-62 14 And my comment is that if they could stay within the area that they're saying the environmental impact 16 study is based on, that would be a big relief to us as part of the community. Okay? I'd like to offer to have some sound pressure level monitoring equipment placed at 19 our house so that they could see what the actual levels 20 are. 21 And I'd like to request that they rethink these 22 sound pressure contours that they're advertising in this 23 environmental impact study because I believe that they're 24 fallacious. They're not -- they're not correct. And they should be readjusted to accurately reflect what's

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F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement
                                                                      Page 81
            happening, not what they'd like to happen because right
            now the leadership is not controlling the pilots within
            these boundaries. Okay.
       5
                      (The following is an oral comment made after
                      formal hearing was concluded outside the
                      presence of the hearing officer.)
                                                                       3057 LU
                     SHARON PAGE: My name is Sharon Page, P-a-g-e.
            I'm a registered nurse with Banner Health, and I would
            like to say that the nurses at Banner Health love to take
      12
            care of military families.
      13
                     I've been living here 15 years. I enjoy having
            military families as my neighbors and having my son attend
            school with military families. We really enjoy -- they
            bring richness beyond measure to our community, and I've
            learned to have a new appreciation for the military living
            amongst them, and so we don't want to see them go. And I
      19
            hope they stay, and I hope we get the F-35 project here
                                                                          GE-3
      20
            because it means a lot to our community, and we really,
            truly appreciate all of you. Thank you.
      22
      23
                     (Public Hearing and Oral comments concluded)
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STATE OF ARIZONA
   COUNTY OF MARICOPA
          I DEBORAH CLEARY, do hereby certify that the
3
   foregoing Transcript of Proceedings constitute a true and
   accurate transcript of the proceedings had in the
   foregoing matter, all done to the best of my skill and
7
   ability.
             DATED at Phoenix, Arizona, this 2nd day of
8
   march, 2012.
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16
                              Certified Reporter
Certificate No. 50663
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June 2012

D.8.5 Transcript from the Luke Air Force Base Public Hearing Held February 14, 2012, in El Mirage, Arizona

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U.S. AIR FORCE BASE F-35A TRAINING BASING EIS		
PUBLIC HEARING/PUBLIC COMMENTS		
BEFORE HEARING OFFICER		
COL. RON GREGORY		
El Mirage, Arizona		
February 14, 2012		
6:00 p.m.		
Reported by: Deborah Cleary, RPR/CR		
Certified Reporter Certification No. 50663		

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June 2012

F-35A Training Basing Environmental Impact Statement Page 3 1 THE AIR FORCE PUBLIC HEARING AND COMMENT SESSION was taken on February 14, 2012, commencing at 6:00 p.m. at El Mirage Elementary School, 13500 N. El Mirage Road, School Gym, El Mirage, Arizona, before Deborah Cleary, RPR, CR, a Certified Reporter in the State of Arizona. 6 7 APPEARANCES 9 COLONEL RON GREGORY 10 United States Air Force 11 Hearing Officer 12 13 COLONEL ROBERT WEBB 14 Vice Commander 56th Fighter Wing 15 Luke Air Force Base 16 MR. DAVID MARTIN 17 18 Civilian Contractor 19 Air Education and Training Command 20 Project Manager for the F-35A 21 Training Basing Environmental Impact Study 22 23 2.4 25

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Page 19 written comments to this address up here. All of this information is provided on the comment form and on the project website. This concludes the briefing part of the hearing. I thank you for your attention. Now I'd like to turn this back over to Col. Gregory. COL. GREGORY: Thanks, David. We'll now move into the public comment part of the hearing, and here's how that works. I used these speaker sign-up cards that those of you who want to speak filled out to call folks up 11 to the mic. If you'd like to make a comment here tonight 12 up here at the mic and haven't yet filled out one of these 13 cards, just raise your hand and we'll get you one to fill 14 out. Just let one of the Air Force reps know if you need 15 a card. Also I have some up here. 16 You need a card? AUDIENCE MEMBER: Please. 18 COL. GREGORY: All right. If we've heard from all the speakers before 8:00 p.m., the scheduled time for 20 the hearing to conclude, what I'll do is recess the hearing and Ms. Cleary and I will remain here at the table until 8:00 p.m. to take your statement if you decide later 23 that you'd like to make a statement on the record here

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The procedure gives three minutes to each

24

25

tonight.

25

later.

Page 21

Page 20

speaker. When I call your name, please come up. Come on up to the mic, and Allison, seated here, will start the clock when you're ready. To help Ms. Cleary, please begin by stating your name and the name of the organization, if any, that you represent. It will also help her out if you'd spell your last name. Please don't provide any other personal information like your home address or your telephone number. Again, your comments are recorded verbatim. They're used to develop a transcript and permanent record of this hearing and will be published in 11 the final EIS. Your name will be included along with your comments and will be in the final EIS, but your personal 12 home address and phone number will not be published in the 13 14 final EIS. 15 Of course, you don't have to speak for the full 16 three minutes. To help you keep track of the time, Allison will show you a yellow card when you have about 30 18 seconds left and a red card when time is up. At that 19 time, please go ahead and conclude your comments at that point so I can call on the next person. You don't need to yield any remaining time to someone else. I'll just move on to the next speaker. Also, it just takes too much time to set up any individual electronic presentations, but those can certainly be submitted as written comments

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Tonight's hearing, as I said, is set to end at 8:00 p.m. If everyone who signed up to speak has had a chance to do so before that time, I'll ask if any speaker

4 would like another three minutes to expand on their

5 earlier comments. If you want to do that, just let me 6 know at that time and I'll put another three minutes back

7 on the clock for you. Again, Ms. Cleary and I will remain

8 here at the table to take your statement if you decide you

9 want to comment after we recess the hearing.

10 If you want to add something later to your oral

11 comments or if you'd rather not speak her tonight, you can

12 submit written comments at any time up to March 14th,

13 2012. I understand they use the mailbox rule on that. As

long as it's postmarked by that date, it's considered on

15 time. There's no page limit on written comments, and the

16 Air Force gives equal weight to oral and written comments.

17 Both become part of the official record and are included

18 in the final EIS.

22

Just a few reminders before we get started.

20 First, please limit your comments to the draft EIS that is

21 the purpose of this public comment period. Second, if you

agree with a previous speaker on something, you can

23 certainly say that, but you don't need to use up your time

24 repeating it since it's already in the record.

25 Finally, as I mentioned earlier, this isn't a Q&A

GE-3

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		Page 22
	1	session. It's an opportunity for you to put on the record
	2	your views and your concerns about the proposal that you
	3	want the decision makers to consider. Any questions that
	4	you pose during your comments will become part of the
	5	record and will be considered.
	6	After we're finished with the formal part of
	7	this, Air Force reps will continue to be available to
	8	discuss things with you over in the other room where all
	9	the posters are set up. And with that, I'll call our
	10	first speaker.
	11	Mayor Mook.
	12	PUBLIC COMMENTS 3058 LU
	13	MAYOR LANA MOOK: Before I get started tonight, I
	14	would like to introduce a few people who serve with me on
	15	our council. So when I call your name, holler out or
	16	raise your hand so people know who you are.
	17	Council Member James McPhetres over there by the
	18	wall; Council Member and Vice Mayor David Shapera Lynn,
	19	where are you? Lynn Selby, council member, there he is.
	20	I know that Joe Ramirez is home sick with the flu. Anyone
	21	else here? Oh, Jack Palladino, stand up, Jack. There he
	22	is. Okay. I think that's it, isn't it? Oh, Roy Delgado,
	23	there he is. Thank you, council member.
	24	I've been asked tonight to talk about regional

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cooperation. So I, too, am going to read a prepared

Page 23 statement here so that it all gets into the record. The cities and towns located within the vicinity of Luke Air Force Base have successfully worked together over several decades to help ensure responsible land use planning around the air base. Most recently, the communities near Luke Air Force Base formed the West Valley Partners to retain appropriate federal representation in Washington, DC, to advocate for funding, legislation, and awareness. These communities are Avondale, Buckeye, El Mirage, Glendale, Gila Bend, 11 Goodyear, Litchfield Park, Maricopa County, Peoria, 12 Phoenix, Surprise, Tolleson, Wickenburg, and Youngtown. 13 The goal of the West Valley Partners is to 14 preserve the current and future missions at Luke Air Force 15 Base. Over the past few years, these efforts have 16 resulted in over \$11,000,000 in federal appropriations to the base and to the Barry M. Goldwater range. 18 Furthermore, elected officials in all 91 Arizona cities and towns have signed a resolution supporting the future mission of Luke Air Force Base. The Luke Forward 21 campaign will continue until the first squadron of F-35s 22 arrives here at Luke. 23 In October 2009 as part of the West Valley

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statewide campaign focused on securing the new F-35 here

Partners' efforts, they kicked off Luke Forward, a

24

GE-3

Page 24 at the base. The purpose of the Luke Forward campaign is to send a clear, consistent, and strong message to the Department of Defense that Arizona strongly supports Luke Air Force Base as the nation's premier fighter training facility and will continue to raise this awareness of Luke's critical role in national defense and our state's economy. The Basis Community Initiatives Team, an 9 operation unique to the Air Force at Luke, meets regularly with local and state officials, community groups, Sky Harbor airport, the FAA officials to coordinate and plan as well as identify and address issues before they become problematic. 13 Luke Air Force Base is also an active member of 14 the Phoenix aviation users working group which holds 16 quarterly meetings. This forum allows enhanced communication between the base and local, state, and federal airspace agencies. These meetings have produced 19 multiple examples of coordination such as the seamless 20 flow of fighter aircraft to and from Goldwater range airspace south of the base. Commercial flights routinely 22 stay above the fighter corridor without any conflicts. 23 So as you can see, we in the West Valley have a unique working relationship with Luke Air Force Base. We GE-3 want Luke to remain the best training base for fighter

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Page 25 pilots in the world and to train the majority of F-35 GE-3 pilots. Please help us send that message to the cont'd Department of Defense. Thank you. 5 COL. GREGORY: Thank you, ma'am. Next, Representative Debbie Lesko. 3059 LU REP. DEBBIE LESKO: For the record, my name is State Representative Debbie Lesko. I'm the house majority whip in the Arizona legislature. I represent parts of Glendale, parts of Peoria, all of Sun City, all of Youngtown. And if I get reelected, I'll be representing El Mirage as well with the new redistricting. 13 I want to say publicly that I support the F-35 mission here at Luke Air Force Base. I think it's very important not only for the sustainability of the base in the long-term future but also for the West Valley and the $|_{\mathbf{GE-3}}$ entire state. And because of that, I plan to introduce a resolution in the legislature in support of the F-35 mission at Luke Air Force Base. And I'm sure we will get 20 that passed soon. 21 Thank you. COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Mayor Georgia Lord, 23 Mayor of Goodyear. 3060 LU 24 MAYOR GEORGIA LORD: Thank you. Good evening.

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I'm Georgia Lord, the mayor of the City of Goodyear. I

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	Page 26	5
1	take great pleasure in coming here tonight to support Luke	1
2	Air Force Base's F-35 mission. You know, there are many	1
3	reasons why Luke should be selected. It just makes good	1
4	sense because Arizona is the only state that has gone to	,
5	the extent to adopting state law specifically designed to cont	d
6	prevent the future encroachment around its military bases.	1
7	This provided an installation such as Luke to be able to	1
8	have this new mission. And we all know how great the	1
9	Barry Goldwater training area is. My husband was here in	1
10	the '60s training pilots and giving them checkouts at Luke	1
11	Air Force Base.	1
12	The west community, as Mayor Mook said, has	1
13	banded together in the past to protect Luke's future in	1
14	our region. And we have gone through periods of rapid	1
15	growth together. We have remained focused on promoting	1
16	economic development in a smart fashion in order to	1
17	protect Luke's ability to carry out the mission.	1
18	Goodyear is known as the proud protector of the	1
19	Luke southern corridor. We committed in 2003 \$3.5 million	1
20	to save 3,722 acres so that it would not be zoned for	1
21	housing or businesses. It would protect the interests of	1
22	Luke Air Force Base.	1
23	Now as an Air Force wife following my husband	1
24	around almost 30 years, let me tell you something that is	
25	extremely important we have. We have a community who	
		- 11

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Page 27
     cares about the men and women of our forces. We have a
     community who organizes activities for them. We have
     community who absolutely donates when their needs are
     there. Whether it be food, clothing, whether it be
     school, whether it be some kind of activity that the base
     needs, we're there for them.
              I'm going to tell you in a time of need when
     troops are oversees, when the men and women are fighting,
     and I have been on that other side of the wife left at
     home while my husband was gone for a year, sometimes six,
     eight months at a whack. And it's so important when you
     as individuals reach out a helping hand to military
     families. And that's what we've done in the West Valley.
14
     We are known for that. And I just don't think the
    military can find a better place to place this mission for \left|_{GE-3}\right|
16
     the F-35 because you just have a vast group of people who
17
     care.
              Thank you very much for letting me have this
18
19
     opportunity.
20
              COL. GREGORY: Mayor Mike LeVault of Youngtown.
                                                              3061 LU
21
              MAYOR MICHAEL LeVAULT: For the record, my name
     is Michael LeVault, L-e, capital V-a-u-l-t. I am the
     mayor of Youngtown. I want to start by reiterating
     something that Mayor Mook just said earlier. You know, as
     often happens, sometimes communities disagree about
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Page 28 things. But I want to assure you that on this issue, on supporting the base and its endeavor to attract the F-35, we've worked hard the last several years to close ranks in support of the base. I want to assure you that every community in the West Valley and, as far as I know, every 6 community in the Valley is in full support and working the same side of the street on this issue. You know, if I were to stand up here and list the attributes that I think uniquely qualify Luke for the F-35 9 mission, it would be a long list. Let me touch on just a few of them. 11 12 First of all, you have the base's proximity to GE-3 the Phoenix megaplex. That means that it's well suited 13 14 from a transportation standpoint with easy access to I-10, I-17 and loops 101 and 303. That also, that proximity to 15 the Phoenix megaplex, also means that all of the airmen 16 and women at the base, they have access to all of the 18 amenities of a world class city. 19 You also have the operational advantages of Luke. You have our weather here that is uniquely suited, I think, because we have, I don't know, something like 350 days filled with sunshine that are ideal for flying. Our 22 terrain approximates what the pilots are likely to encounter when they fly in the Middle East. And if I'm

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not mistaken, most of the pilots that are flying in the

Page 29 Middle East theater have been trained here at Luke. You also have Luke's proximity to the Barry M. Goldwater bombing range, and there is no other asset like the BMG range in the world. That is something that cannot be replicated. And it's right here at the back door of Luke Air Force Base. So I would say, you know, from a couple of aspects, when you look at the advantage to the -- you GE-3 know, if you look at this thing selfishly, look at the advantage to the Valley and to the state in terms of the economic engine that Luke provides, it's something like \$2.3 billion a year. But more importantly, look at the advantage from a national security standpoint. 13 14 These pilots are being well trained in an environment that I think is not replicatable anywhere else. So I'm fully in support of the F-35 coming to Luke. I stand up here and I speak on behalf of the vast majority of my residents and the unanimous support of my council. 19 Thank you. 20 COL. GREGORY: Thank you. Ms. Lisa Atkins of the Governor's Military Affairs Commission. 3062 LU 22 MS. LISA ATKINS: Good evening. My name is Lisa 23 Atkins, A-t, as in Tom, k-i-n-s. I'm the co-chair and

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have been the co-chair of the Governor's Military Affairs

Commission for the last five or six years and continue to

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Page 30 serve in that capacity. 2 I appreciate the fact that the Air Force is here in town listening to the folks who live in and around the West Valley and who know Luke Air Force Base firsthand. More importantly, these are the faces of the people who actually contribute to the well-being of not only the Air Force but the men and women who serve. About two years ago, I was asked by the commander of Air Education and Training Command as one of two civic leaders in Arizona to travel to Florida to Eglin Air Force Base. And I'm glad to be here tonight in response to what 11 I saw in the EIS as the noise information which, to me, appears to be computer modeling. 13 14 The reason I'm here tonight is to put on the record that I, in fact, am one of two civilians in the 15 state of Arizona who have actually heard the F-35. I had the pleasure of doing so in February of 2010. And during the operations, we were very close to the flight line. In the pattern, was an F-16, an F-18, and the F-35. And 20 personally I can tell you that I heard no appreciable difference in the sound, which is far different from 22 personally being able to hear it than seeing numbers on a 23 piece of paper. 2.4 Secondly, I'd like to refer to the mayors'

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comments when they talk about the community support for

Page 31 the Air Force and what we've done working together. I'd like to remind those of you who may be new to the area but certainly those of you who have been around for a while and know the interaction between the communities and the Air Force that the lines that are in state statute were groundbreaking lines as far as this state leading all others states in the nation as far as compatibility and potential for protecting private property rights and allowing each one of our military installations to fulfill on all of their mission but to protect and enhance those 11 missions in the long run. The lines that are in state statutes that have 12 been referred to tonight are lines that are not 14 fabricated. They're not off of a model. They are in fact actual noise levels that the communities that surround the base have known, have lived with, and have accepted based on the F-15 noise levels. And I can tell you from experience in having been through these discussions for a 19 number of years that the F-35 will be accommodated well 20 under those lines. 21 Thank you all for taking the time tonight. Again, as the mayor said, coming out on the centennial and 22 23 also on Valentines Day, what a great show of support for 24 the Air Force and the F-35.

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Thank you.

25

Page 33

Page 32 1 COL. GREGORY: Mr. Charlie Freericks of DMB Associates. 3 MR. CHARLIE FREERICKS: For the record, my name is Charlie Freericks, F-r-e-e-r-i-c-k-s. I'm here tonight representing my company, DMB Associates, Inc. Our 6 company, DMB Associates, is proud to support the operations of Luke Air Force Base and the men and women who serve and train there. 9 DMB Associates has developed two communities in 10 the West Valley, both near Luke Air Force Base. And our residents and our company in Verrado, which is located in GE-3 the town of Buckeye on the southern departure corridor, 12 and Marley Park, which is located in Surprise along the 13 14 northern departure corridor, are proud to support this decision on the F-35. 16 In addition to having these communities developing in the West Valley, we actually have many members from Luke Air Force Base, civilian and military 19 employees, living in our communities. 20 When our communities began development many years ago, we understood and appreciated the significance of Luke's operations for the West Valley and all of our 23 state. In fact, we worked very closely with Rusty Mitchell, who's here somewhere this evening, and the civilian initiatives team -- community initiatives team.

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1 Excuse me, Rusty -- starting in 1998 in anticipation of 2 zoning both of our communities. We wanted to ensure the

3 long-term compatibility with Luke Air Force Base.

4 Our buyers and residents, because we took a

5 little bit of an extra step, understand that the

operations of Luke Air Force Base are right next door and

active. In laymen's terms, we have pictures and exhibits

8 in our community information centers explaining to people

9 that there's a base nearby and that it's active. We have

0 information to connect them with the base, an information

ll office there.

12 In addition, in our contracts when we sell 13 properties to people, to homeowners, we disclose in

14 writing and we created a step working with the CIT to make

sure that people understand that the first time they buy

16 the home and then it's recorded for future sales like many

of you have experienced here in the West Valley.

18 In spite of thousands of residents in our

communities, we are proud to say that we have never had

20 one noise complaint or complaint of any kind against Luke

21 Air Force Base, and that's dating back to 1998. In fact,

22 we enjoy many community partnerships with Luke Air Force

23 Base similar to those described by the mayors that have

come up here to support the men and women of the base.

25 The importance of this mission to Arizona's